OIL ENGINES British make
WILSON Horizontal 17 to 300 H. P.
OGLE Vertical 4 to 36 H.P.
Regularly received but delivered as orders booked.
Sole Agents:—
M. H. DINSHAW & CO.,
105, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.
Also expected shortly 150 H. P. Robey,, 125 H. P. Blackstone and 80 H.P. Mirrless Engines

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 297 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Taj
Tonight & tomorrow
CABARET DINNER DANCE
Will Coles
Bhiwandiwala
Two Darleys
Sun. 21st:
CABARET TEA DANCE
(7 to 9 p.m.)
VERGA'S Trio during Lunch and Dinner.

Green's
Tonight, Tomorrow and Sunday
CABARET DINNER DANCE
Fri. 26th:
AMATEUR NIGHT
(Apply to the Manager)

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

'CEASE FIRE' ON INDUSTRIAL FRONT

Three Years' Peace In Country's Interests

DELHI CONFERENCE CALL TO LABOUR AND CAPITAL

Dr. Mookerjee On Unanimous Agreement In Drafting Resolution

NEW, DELHI, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): The Industries Conference today called upon Labour and management "to agree to maintain industrial peace and avert lock-outs, strike or slowing down of production during the next three years."

UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, President, announced amidst loud cheers, when the conference met two hours later than the scheduled time this afternoon, that the Sub-Committee which considered the draft resolution under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister and reached a unanimous agreement.

The resolution also recommends the fullest use of statutory and other machinery for settling industrial disputes in a "just and peaceful" manner, the establishment of machinery for the study and determination of fair wages and conditions of labour, and fair remuneration for capital: association of Labour in all matters concerning industrial production and constitution of Works Committee.

As a first step towards improving the standard of living of workers, immediate attention should be paid to the problem of housing Industrial Labour.

LABOUR - CAPITAL CO-OPERATION URGED

The resolution reads:—"This Conference considers that the increase in industrial production which is so vital to the economy of the country cannot be achieved without the fullest co-operation between Labour and Capital and stable and friendly relations between them them. The employer must recognise the proper role of Labour in industry and the need to secure for Labour fair wages and working conditions: Labour for its part must give equal recognition to its duty in contributing to the increase of the national income, without which a permanent rise in the general standard of living cannot be achieved. Mutual discusion of all problems common to both and a determination to settle all disputes without recourse to interruption in or slowing down production should be

(Continued on Page 5.)

U.S. Coastal Batteries For Turkey

ISTANBUL, December 18. (Reuter): Turkish press reports today said coastal batteries and warships of various classes were expected here from the United States under a Washington decision to "complete and reinforce" the offensive and defensive potential of the Turkish Navy.

A party of high-ranking United States naval officers were also expected here soon, the reports said.

The National Assembly at Ankara today voted a supplementary credit of some £7,000,000 for national defence needs and airways and airport requirements.

Mukden Under Curfew

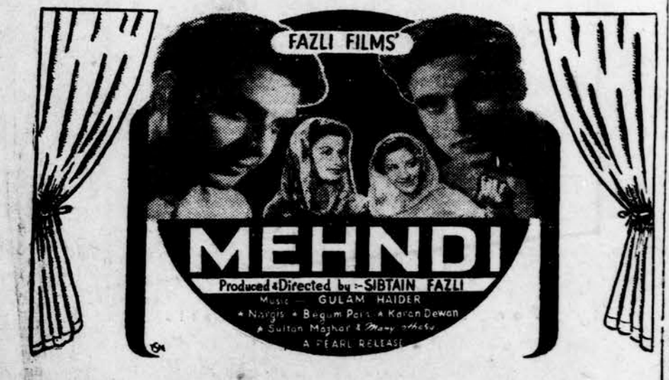
Communists Step Up Five-Pronged Drive Against City

SHANGHAI, December 18 (Reuter): Mukden, biggest city of Manchuria, was placed under a 12-hour curfew today as Communist forces stepped up their multi-pronged drive against the city.

DICISIVE BATTLE

Nationalist headquarters in Mukden were today quoted in the Chinese press as predicting that a major battle involving the bulk of the Nationalist and Communist forces in Manchuria would take place in the near future in the Faku-Tiehling-Sinmin triangle west of Mukden—a battle which might decide the fate of all Manchuria.

Something NEW on the Indian Screen:
The
"GIRL-MEETS-GIRL" STORY
OPENS TODAY



At TWO THEATRES
3-30 P.M.
MINERVA
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Hol. Mat. 12-30 p.m.
Ad. Bkg. Daily 10 to 12
4 P.M.
CAPITOL
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Hol. Mat. 1 p.m.
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30.

"MOTHER'S PRIDE"

An exhibit by Mr. D. B. Jog, in the Sculpture Section of the Bombay Arts Society's Exhibition at the University Convocation Hall.

"BRITAIN HAS NO DESIRE TO DIVIDE THE WORLD"

BEVIN REFUTES SOVIET CHARGES: BREAK-DOWN OF FOREIGN MINISTERS' COUNCIL EXPLAINED

LONDON, DEC. 18. (REUTER): GRAVE DECISIONS HAVE TO BE TAKEN IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE BREAKDOWN OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' COUNCIL. MR. ERNEST BEVIN, FOREIGN SECRETARY, DECLARED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY. "WE CANNOT GO ON AS WE HAVE BEEN". MR. BEVIN ASSERTED.

Insisting that Britain had no desire to divide the world and would close no doors, Mr. Bevin made it clear that Britain would not agree to an overcentralised German Government which could so easily become again a dictatorship.

Recalling the "insistent pressure" of the Soviet delegation throughout the Conference which broke down on Monday to get agreement in advance to the immediate establishment of a Central German Government, Mr. Bevin said "It must be truly a representative Government and not simply a tool in the hands of an occupying power".

MARSHALL PLAN

After expressing his "great grief" at the Soviet Union's decision not to take part in the Marshall Plan, Mr. Bevin accusel the U.S.S.R. of using "tremendous pressure" on her immediate neighbours and of ordering them not to participate.

He felt that act was a violation of the free choice of those states and an interference with their independence and sovereignty.

Of the future, Mr. Bevin said he did not know what was going to happen.

BEVIN REFUTES CHARGES

Denying that Britain had made all kinds of preparations to divide Europe and set up alternate Governments, Mr. Bevin said perhaps, it was a fair criticism that she had not made any of those preparations.

It was untrue that Britain had entered into all sorts of commitments in the event of the conference breaking down.

Britain had stuck to her policy of German political and economic unity under Allied control with safeguards for her own security.

She would maintain all the contacts she could and do her best to get out this difficult situation to produce "what I still believe is necessary—the unity not only of Germany but of Europe and the peace of the world".

Mr. Bevin finished amid general cheers from all parties.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH
New York, Dec. 18.

Previous Closing	35.94
Today's Opening	36.00
Difference	+6
Today's Closing	35.57
Difference	—37

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, Dec. 18.
New York Stock Exchange Opening Prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining 34-5/8
General Motors 57-3/4
United States Steel Common 77-3/4
United States Steel Preference 137-7/8

LAST QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Dec. 18.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	505	0
Cotton Jarila March	501	8
Silver Bullion	168	12
Gold Forward	104	14
Sovereign	68	4

STOP PRESS

DRIVER INJURED IN TRAIN DERAILMENT

CALCUTTA, December 18 (API): The driver of the train was seriously injured, and four or five others received minor injuries when the engine and one carriage of the Goalundo Passenger derailed this afternoon between Belghurriah and Dum Dum Stations about four miles from Calcutta on the Sealdah division of the East Indian Railway.

BOUNDARY FORCE FOR BENGAL

NEW DELHI, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): The Bengal Government has completed all preliminaries for raising two battalions of what may be called a "Boundary Force". The strength of the Force would, it is learnt, be nearly 2,000.

MARSHALL LEAVES FOR U. S.

LONDON, Dec. 18. (Reuter): Mr. George Marshall, the United States Secretary of State, accompanied by Mr. Lewis Douglas, United States Ambassador in London, left London by air today for the United States.

U. N. PALESTINE COMMISSION

LAKE SUCCESS, Dec. 18 (UPA). Secretary General Trygve Lie today called the United Nations Palestine Commission to meet here January 7 in preparation for its journey to the Holy Land.

DALTON FOUND GUILTY

Of Premature And Unpremeditated Disclosures Of Budget Contents

LONDON, Dec. 18. (Reuter): The British Parliament All-Party Committee of Inquiry into the recent budget leakage which led to the resignation as Chancellor of Exchequer of Dr. Hugh Dalton, found that he had made "a premature and unpremeditated disclosure of the contents of his budget which he had no right to make", the Committee's report, published as a White Paper today, disclosed.

Dr. Dalton's resignation followed publication of details of proposed taxation changes in the evening newspaper "Star", on sale in the streets about 30 minutes before Dr. Dalton disclosed them to the House of Commons.

Sir Stafford Cripps was appointed Chancellor in his place.

The Committee also found that disclosure did not cause any Stock Exchange movement of prices or sales and that Dr. Dalton "did not make his disclosure for premature publication and believed there was no possibility of such publication".

'ERROR OF JUDGMENT IN ALL GOOD FAITH'

The report said that the "Star's" political correspondent, Mr. John Carvel (to whom, Dr. Dalton told the Committee, he (Dalton) "unguardedly" gave details of his budget on his way to make his speech to the House disclosed the information to his newspaper in the guise of a forecast, believing at the time he was at liberty to do so. That belief, the report said was mistaken, Mr. Carvel's error of judgement was made in all good faith."

Giving evidence to the Committee, Dr. Dalton said "The point is that I should not have told Mr. Carvel what I did". Responsibility for doing so was his and not the correspondent's.

CEYLON BUDGET LEAKAGE INQUIRY

COLOMBO, December 18. (Reuter): The Ceylon House of Representatives today unanimously agreed to appoint a three-man select Committee to inquire into alleged leakage of secrets from budget introduced into the House early this month.

Hyderabad Invitation For Kher & Morarji

BOMBAY, Dec. 18 (API): It is understood that the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher and the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, recently received an invitation from the Prime Minister of Hyderabad State to pay a visit to Hyderabad.

It was not possible either for the Prime Minister or the Home Minister to accept the invitation immediately because of the impending visit to Bombay of the Governor-General of India.

It is believed that either the prime Minister of Hyderabad may visit Bombay or the Prime Minister and Home Minister of Bombay may visit Hyderabad on some date convenient to both parties. The purpose of the visit is believed to be to have a personal discussion on various points of interest to both Governments.

MAHATMA ON AJMER RIOT

NEW DELHI, December 18. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi, in his post-prayer speech this evening, referred to the Riot at Ajmer with sorrow. Did they think they could protect Hinduism by killing the Muslims in the Union or driving them out? he asked.

Sardar Meets Mahatma

NEW DELHI, Dec. 18. (API): Sardar Patel called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning. Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Sardar Swaran Singh and Sir Usnanath Sen met Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

DID JINNAH ADVISE INDIAN MUSLIMS TO ORGANISE LIKE PALESTINE JEWS?

KARACHI, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): The "Daily Gazette", Karachi, the only exponent of minority nationalism with the largest certified net sales in Pakistan, in an editorial today on the decision of the late All-India Muslim League Council bifurcating the League organisation, stated:

"With all our respect for the Quaid-I-Azam, we cannot help deploring the unhappy advice which he tendered to Indian Muslims when, if the reports spoke true, he told them to organise themselves in the Indian Union even as the Jews of Palestine".

The editorial, written under the heading "Karachi and After", continued: "That the Muslim world is beholden to Mr. Jinnah in a variety of ways cannot be disputed. Even so, in their own self interest the Union Muslims will do well to disregard this particular advice of the Quaid-I-Azam because to be mistaken for Jews would land them in disaster. Moreover, the advice was particularly out of tune with the resolution on the division of Palestine".

India Will Never Desert Kashmir

SARDAR'S ASSURANCE

Says Hyderabad Will Come Into Union Of Its Own Accord

JAIPUR, Dec. 18. (A.P.I.): Exposition of India Government's policy regarding Kashmir, references to Hyderabad Deccan, exhortation to the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh not to indulge in destructive tactics but to assist constructively in the defence of the country, industrial potential, an appeal to landholders to share their land with the actual tillers of the soil and to the people of India to follow the constructive programme laid down by Mahatma Gandhi, were the highlights of the speech delivered by Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, at a mammoth meeting in Jaipur on Wednesday evening. Pandit Tikram Paliwal presided. The Jaipur Prajamandal presented an address on behalf of the people of Jaipur.

PRESERVED LIKE PICKLES

Sardar Patel said there were about 500 small States—more than the total number of independent States in the world. "The former alien rulers of India preserved them like pickles but now Paramountcy has gone, the foreign rule has gone and India has become free. But we have not yet breathed the real air of freedom. So many people do not know that we have got Swaraj though they know that foreign rule is gone. People do not yet have any taste of it. They do not know whether we have gained anything from it. We must make them realise the difference between foreign rule and Swaraj.

"It is true we have had not yet had time. During the short time due to our misfortune, we have had communal troubles. Poison of hatred generated by the League gripped us. We accepted the partition of India in the hope that it would restore peaceful conditions. That was not to be. If we had not been hit by this cataclysm we would have been much better off. Fortunately Jaipur escaped and I congratulate the State Government on it.

JAIPUR: MODEL STATE

The model which you have placed before the world is to be proud of, but what about the future. We would not stand still, we have to march forward. I am confident that it will not be necessary for me or you to ask for responsible Government from the Jaipur Maharaja. Whatever you want you are sure to get. The Maharaja of Jaipur and his advisers have worked together with us in unifying India. I know they are with us and have shared with us in the achievement of freedom.

RULERS KNOW THEY MUST MARCH WITH THE TIMES

"In every state people demand responsible Government. The rulers are aware of this and know that they must march with the times. At the same time, we should be clear about our own duty. It is our right to take

(Continued on Page 5.)

Raiders Repulsed In Poonch Area

NEW DELHI, Dec. 18. (API): A Defence Ministry 'Communique' tonight said: "In the Uri area Indian Army Troops engaged a party of raiders and inflicted considerable casualties. There was some sniping.

"Our troops clashed with isolated groups of raiders in the Poonch area and repulsed the attacks.

"Raiders who put up opposition in the Jhangar area were engaged by our troops with mortars and artillery. Several Road blocks were encountered by our troops some distance from Naushera.

"Royal Indian Airforce aircraft are now landing in Poonch where a landing strip was made by our ground forces."

CABINET MAKING IN IRAN

LONDON, Dec. 18. (Reuter): Sardar Fakhar Hekmat, who yesterday accepted the Premiership of Persia, has promised the Shah that he will form a Government by tomorrow, Teheran radio reported today.

Sardar Fakher Hekmat's support rests on the dissident members of the former Premier's Democratic Party, the newly formed "National Unity" opposition party, and some independents.

Sir Raghavan Appointed Charge d'Affaires In Paris

PARIS, Dec. 18. (Reuter): Sir Raghavan Pillai, who has held many appointments under the Government of the Central Provinces and the Government of India, has been nominated Indian Charge d'Affaires in Paris pending appointment of an Ambassador, it was learned from official Indian sources here.

Sir Raghavan was expected to take up his duties some time in January.

Daily SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO NAGPUR AND CALCUTTA
SPEED·SERVICE·SAFETY·COMFORT
21 SEATER LUXURIOUS DAKOTAS AVAILABLE FOR CHARTER.
Freight Accepted Hostess Service
CITY BOOKING OFFICE:
10 Rampart Row, Phone: 34384 (24 hours)
Administrative Offices: Phone: 27172
Juhu Office: Ph: 86257
INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES LTD.
Mayfair, Churchgate St. Fort BOMBAY.
Travel by STAR LINE
M.A.36.

SYDNEY TEST ENDS IN A DRAW

Rain Washes Out Last Day's Play

SYDNEY, Dec. 18 (Reuter): The second Test match between Australia and India was abandoned as a draw. There was no play to-day the last day of the match.

Early morning rain after a fine clear night drenched the test ground again and play was not possible at the advertised time of 12 o'clock on the final day of the second Test between India and Australia.

Three hours before play was due to begin, a blanket of grey cloud spread over Sydney. The rain dripped steadily, if lightly, from 9 o'clock, and much surface water collected on the wicket, precluding a prompt start.

Indeed, it seemed obvious that at least two hours of sunshine would be needed before the ground would be fit for play.

The sides of the pitch though slippery, were in nothing like as bad a state as on previous days.

At the conclusion of yesterday's play Bradman requisitioned the heavy roller. Amarnath at first objected, but after consultation with the Umpires, he found that under Law nine, governing the rolling of the pitch, the roller would be used.

Adhikari felt some pain in his finger last night, the result of holding a hot catch to dismiss Hamence, but an examination revealed no serious injury and Adhikari will be quite fit to bat.

India faced the last day's play with a lead of 142 runs and three wickets in hand.

At ten minutes to one o'clock it was announced that play would begin as soon as the wicket could be prepared.

This decision was made after some early doubt. When the rain ceased sharp at noon, Bradman and Amarnath inspected the wicket and agreed to refer the decision to the umpires. As the latter were examining the pitch five minutes later rain began to fall again and the umpires, ordering the covers to be put on, announced that they would reinspect the wicket at 12-45.

The gates were opened and several hundred people streamed in. Amarnath exercised his right, and did not have the wicket mown or rolled.

As the umpires stood at the gate waiting to take the field, drizzling rain again began to fall but after a moment's hesitation they went out. After consulting the groundsman they returned to the pavilion and the stumps, which were already erected, were laid aside and the approaches covered.

A DRINK FOR A RUN OUT!

SYDNEY, Dec. 18 (Reuter): The Australian opening batsman, Bill Brown, was perturbed lest Mankad felt a sense of lack of sportsmanship through running him out in Australia's first innings of the second test, writes Duleep, Reuter's special correspondent.

Brown telephoned Mankad and assured him to the contrary, adding "it was my fault". Brown suggested that Mankad should join him in a drink to celebrate and finalise the incident.

Vinoo, who is a teetotaler declined with thanks but M. S. Ranvirsinhji, who was present during the conversation, explained Mankad's refusal and readily agreed to act as his deputy.

This incident is a real reflection of the splendid feeling existing among the players and of the Australians' recognition of the Indians' consistent sportsmanship.

International Badminton

BOMBAY, Thursday:

The All-India Badminton Association has announced matches of international status will be played between India and Denmark and India and Malaya commencing from Saturday the 20th instant.

The following is the programme:—

SATURDAY, 20TH DECEMBER:—

INDIA vs. DENMARK

One Men's Singles
One Women's Singles
One Mixed Doubles
Two Exhibition Matches.

INDIAN TEAM:— G. Lewis (Capt.) Singles Miss Suman Deodhar and Davinder (Mixed) Miss M. R. Chinoy, Women's Singles.

SUNDAY, 21st December and Monday, 22nd December,

INDIA vs. MALAYA

5 Men's Singles
2 Men's Doubles

SUNDAY: 21st

3 Men's Singles and 1 Men's Doubles
1 Exhibition.

MONDAY: 22nd

2 Men's Singles
1 Men's Doubles
2 Exhibition Matches

INDIAN TEAM.. G. Lewis (Captain) Singles
Davinder Mohan Singles
S. L. Jaini Singles
B. V. Ullal and D. G. Mugve (Men's Doubles S. Bose and M. Guha.

INTER-UNIVERSITY CRICKET

Bombay Team

The Inter-University Cricket match between Mysore and Bombay will be played at the Brabourne Stadium on the 20th, 21st and 22nd December, 1947. The following is the team selected to represent the Bombay University:—

M. R. Rege (Captain), Y. B. Palwanker (Vice-Captain), P. R. Umrigar K. C. Abdulla, B. R. Irani, M. M. Dalvi. M. M. Mohiddin, S. P. Gupte, P. G. Joshi, C. V. Gadkari, D. K. Gaekwar.

EXTRAS: D. B. Kulkarni, V. R. Nerurkar, Atmasingh.

The South Zone Final will be played at Hyderabad Deccan on the 25th, 26th and 27th December. Should Bombay beat Mysore, the University Team will leave for Hyderabad Deccan on the 22nd December by the Madras Mail. The following is the team selected to represent the Bombay University in the South Zone Final:—

Y. B. Palwankar (Captain), K. C Abdulla (Vice-Capt), B. R. Irani, S. P. Gupte, D. P. Medh, H. Perumal, H. Udpekar, C. V. Gadkari, Atmasingh D. K. Gaekwar, C. K. Gaekwar.

EXTRAS: D. B. Kulkarni, H. A. Zala, M. G. Dalvi.

Mysore Gold Cup Hockey

BANGALORE, Dec. 18 (A.P.I.): Three matches were decided in the quarter finals of the all-India Mysore Maharaja's Gold Cup Hockey Tournament. In their third replay M. and S. M. Railway (Madras) beat Bangalore Police by two goals to nil. In their first replay the Kirkee United Sports Club (Holders) beat Hq. Sappers and Miners by two goals to one.

Singles Title For Durai

Miss Chinoy To Meet Mrs. Ahm In Final

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In consistent with his form in the tournament Durai of Malaya bagged the singles title without dropping a single game in the tournament. In overcoming Samuel his colleague Durai showed the usual consistency in his smashing and retrieving and gave his opponent little chance in the first game. In the next game, however, Samuel sprang into a 8-4 and later 9-5 lead. It appeared that the game score would be one all when Durai leaped into activity and won the game, the match and the tournament at the cost of two more points. It was only fitting that the most consistent as well as the best player of the Tournament should win the coveted title. The only player who seriously troubles him was Tage Madsen of Denmark who lost in two straight sets after putting up a great fight, being distinctly unfortunate not to win the second game.

Samuel tried to play Durai at the nets, thus forcing a weak return. This policy paid rich dividents in the earlier parts on the second game but once Durai got wise to his opponent's tactics, he dealt with drops and deft net-placements with mastery.

The ladies' singles semi-finals proved to be disappointing from the spectator's point of view. Mrs. Ahm was always far too good for Miss Suman Deodhar who was eliminated very easily. In the second semi-final, the tie between Miss Mumtaz Chinoy of Bombay and Miss Sunder Deodhar of Poona was expected to produce keen badminton. Miss Deodhar, however, disappointed. After leading at 9-2 in first game, she lost the game to Miss Chinoy who made a great recovery to win the game over the extra points. The second game saw little struggle, Miss Chinoy overwhelmed her opponent with a wide range of strookes which kept Miss Deodhar on the defensive for the better part of the second game.

The sprain sustained by Poul Holm a couple of days ago prevented him from fulfilling his engagement with Mrs. Pinto and Leong in the mixed semi-final. This was very unfortunate as the Danes gave every promise of providing entertaining badminton. In the only other mixed semi-final Davinder Mohan, playing far below his usual form, lost tamely to Miss Suman Deodhar and Madsen. The winners combined well and assisted by the repeated mistakes and near-mistakes of the Indian pair experienced no difficulty whatsoever in qualifying for the final of that event.

The men's doubles final which will be played tomorrow is very uncertain, as in the event of Holm being still unfit, Samuel and Leong will get a walk-over. In that event, however, an exhibition match has been arranged between Samuel and Leong and Davinder Mohan and Mugwe.

THE RESULTS:

Ladies' Singles Semi-Finals:

Mrs. Ahm beat Miss Suman Deodhar 11-3, 11-2; Miss Chinoy beat Miss Sunder Deodhar 12-10, 11-6.

Men's Singles Final

Durai beat Samuel 15-7, 15-11.

Mixed Doubles Semi-Finals

Mrs. Pinto and Leong w.o. Mrs. Ahm and Holm; Miss Suman Deodhar and Madsen beat Miss Sunder Deodhar and Davinder Mohan 15-6, 15-12.

Friday's Matches Commencing From 6 p.m.

Final of Ladies' Singles, Miss Chinoy vs. Mrs. Ahm, followed by the final of mixed doubles, Mrs. Pinto and Leong vs. Miss Suman Deodhar and Madsen, followed by the final of men's doubles, Madsen and Holm vs. Samuel and Leong.

AUSTRALIA'S TEAM FOR THIRD TEST

SYDNEY, December 18. (Reuter): Australia's team for the Third Test against India, beginning at Melbourne on January 1, will be chosen from the following 12 players:

Bradman, Brown, Hamence, Hassett, Ian Johnson Bill Johnston, Lindwall, McCool, Miller, Morris, Tallon and Toshack.

The same twelve were chosen for the First Test and shows one change from the Second Test, Toshack, now fit, returning in place of Neil Harvey, the present twelfth man.

Sidney Barnes will play for New South Wales against South Australia in the match beginning at Adelaide on December 20, and he may be available for the Fourth Test.

Arabindo Bose Arrested

Alleged Rioting Near Calcutta Assembly

CALCUTTA, December 18. (A.P.I.): Mr. Arabindo Bose, President of the All-India Students Congress was arrested today by the Calcutta Police in connection with a case of alleged unlawful assembly and rioting near the Legislative Assembly premises on December 10. He was later released on a personal recognizance bond.

The case relates to the incidents that arose out of the demonstrations staged in front of the Assembly for three days as a protest against the West Bengal Security Bill.

MAZHEER'S HECTIC INNINGS

Inter 'Varsity Cricket In Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Dec. 17 (A.P.I.): After the first day's play in the Inter-University Cricket Championship (North Zone) match which began here to-day Aligarh had established a lead of 133 runs in the first innings against Allahabad. Allahabad were all out for 82 in their first innings. Aligarh had scored 22 runs for no loss in their second innings when stumps were drawn for the day.

The Aligarh skipper was the top scorer, but he was unfortunate to miss his century by mere three runs. His total included three sixers and fourteen fours and he was at the wicket for 120 minutes.

Ramanand, the Allahabad bowler captured seven wickets for sixty-four.

ALIGARH UNIVERSITY (First Innings): Iqbal b Phoolchand 9, Saood b Katju 2, Ajadee b Ramanand 0, Mazheer c Tanseem b Ramanand 97, Akber l.b.w. b Ramanand 82, Shafi c Tanseem b Ramanand 0, Haynain c Abid b Ramanand 9, Zamir Alvi l.b.w b Abid 2, Hamid not out 4, Mohsin b Ramanand 2, Qutub c Phoolchand b Ramanand 0, Extras 8. Total 215.

BOWLING: Katju 16/3/60/1; Ramanand 26.1/9/64/7; Phulchand 14/4/41/1; Girish 6/1/15/0; Abid- 1/0/16/1.

ALLAHABAD (First Innings): Kailash Tandon b Saood 6, Naseer St. Mazheer b Saood 0, Phulchand st. Mazheer b Akbar 21, Katju b Akbar 0, Puran Misra b Qhalifullah 12, Gaur b Shafi 0, Abid b Shafi 7, Vinod Gupta not out 10, Nigam c Mohsin b Zamir Alvi 2, Girish run out 2, Ramanand l.b.w. Shafi 18, Extras 4. Total 82

BOWLING: Saood 5/1/18/2; Zamir 12/4/23/1; Shafi 8/4/11/4.

ALIGARH UNIVERSITY (Second Innings): Iqbal not out 13, Saood not out 7, Extras 2. Total (for no loss) 22.

FIRE DAMAGES FURNITURE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Damage estimated at about Rs. 3,000 was caused by a small fire which broke out in a four-storied building situated in the thickly-populated Bapu Khote Street tonight.

The fire actually originated on the second floor of the building which houses residential quarters.

Nine fire-engines rushed to the spot and their men had to battle with the flames for about 15 minutes before they could bring the fire under control.

The panicky residents deserted the building bag and baggage, some of them being helped out by the firemen. On extinction of the fire they were informed by the officers in charge that except some damage to a few pieces of furniture on the second floor other parts of the building were absolutely safe and they could therefore return to their quarters without hesitation.

The cause of the fire is not known.

Gave Cheque Without Money In Bank

Shoukatalli Abdulla Allana, alleged to have purchased electrical goods for Rs. 2120|4|- and paid for them with a cheque which was subsequently dishonoured, was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D., yesterday, and produced before Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today.

The police stated in the court that the accused is concerned in a series of cases, in which he has duped the complainants by the same tactics.

He was allowed to continue on bail.

CONVICTED FOR INFRINGEMENT OF TRADE MARK

For infringement of the trade mark of a famous ague mixture, widely used by the people of this country for the treatment of malaria, Mohamedali Alibhai, and Alibhai Mohamedali, were convicted by Rao Saheb C. B. Velkar at the Esplanade Court.

The case for the prosecution was that spurious mixtures bearing the trade mark of the complainants had glutted the market. Inquiries traced some of the bottles to the second accused, who was arrested and on his statement the first accused also was arrested.

Considering that the first accused had played a secondary role in the transaction, he was given one day's S.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000, while the second accused was given six months' jail and Rs 1,000 fine.

LIFE SENTENCE ON MAID SERVANT

Yesubai alias Bhageratibai Amrit, a maid-servant, was sentenced to transportation for life by Mr. Justice Bhagwati, at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, on the jury finding her guilty by a majority of eight to one on a charge of murdering a newly born infant.

The prosecution case was that on the 12th of May last the accused who lived in the Worli B. D. D. Chawls gave birth to an illegitimate child and killed it to conceal the shame. The Police arrested her on the same day.

EJECTMENT DECREE SET ASIDE

Important Decision

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Indrasingh & Sons Ltd. —Appellants (Defendants)

v/s.

Shiavax C. Cambata and another —Respondents (Plaintiffs).

Observing that the finality that was given by the statute was not to the adjudication by the Controller but by the Collector immediately an appeal was preferred to him from the order passed by the Controller, their lordships allowed this appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Desai but did not pass a final decree in view of terms arrived at between the parties.

As trustees under a Deed of Settlement dated 6th April, 1936 the plaintiffs are the owners of Cambata Building at Churchgate. The defendants occupied a flat on the fourth floor of that building at the monthly rent of Rs. 257/8/-. On 30th March, 1946 the plaintiffs gave notice to quit to the defendants, and on 3rd September, 1946 they obtained a Certificate from the Rent Controller certifying that the plaintiffs required the premises reasonably and bona fide for their own occupation. On 9th October, 1946 the Collector set aside the Controller's Order granting the Certificate without giving the plaintiffs an opportunity of being heard. On 29th January, 1947 Mr. Justice Bhagwati issued a writ of certiorari quashing the Collector's order and the Court of Appeal upheld the decision of Mr. Justice Bhagwati. The plaintiffs then filed the present suit relying on the Controller's Certificate which they contended stood valid and effective—the Collector's Order to the contrary having been quashed.

The trial judge Mr. Justice Desai had held that in view of the High Court's order quashing the Collector's decision, there was no appeal now pending before the Collector and that the Rent Controller's Certificate had become final. His lordship had therefore passed an ejectment decree ordering the defendants to vacate by 18th December 1947. The defendants appealed.

In order to arrive at a decision as to the effect of the High Court's order quashing the Collector's decision their lordships stated that it was necessary to examine what was the exact order made by Mr. Justice Bhagwati and by the Appeal Court on the Writ of Certiorari. The only order made by them was to set aside the Collector's decision on the ground that in giving it he had proceeded contrary to principles of natural justice. They had not held that the Collector had no jurisdiction to hear the appeal but had held that he had to hear the appeal and that he had failed to hear it in accordance with the rules of natural justice. The effect of the High Court's order granting the writ of certiorari in the present case therefore was that the Collector should hear the appeal and decide it according to natural justice. Their lordships, therefore, held that the appeal before the Collector was still pending and the trial judge had no jurisdiction to pass an ejectment decree on the Controller's certificate because once there was an appeal to the Collector, the Controller's order was no longer final.

Their lordships, therefore, allowed the appeal but did not pass a final decree and ordered the appeal to stand over in order to enable parties to carry out certain terms at which they had arrived by way of compromise.

The Advocate-General and Mr. M. M. Dasai instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai & Diwanji appeared for the appellants.

Mr. M. L. Maneksha and Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Gagrat & Co. appeared for the defendants.

BAIL BOND ON BOMB CASE ACCUSED CANCELLED

High Court Reverses Original Order

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Acting Chief Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar sitting on the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court reversed to-day the bail order issued by the Acting Chief Justice in respect of Avtarsingh Harnamsingh, Gurditsingh Chandasingh and Butassingh Lodasingh, who were arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. on the 26th of Nov. last in connection with bomb outrages in the City. They were thereafter detained in the Worli Temporary Jail under the Public Security Measures Act.

The Chief Justice in his judgment with which Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar concurred observed that when the application for bail was moved on Nov. 28, it was contended by the suspects who were charged with offences punishable with the penalty of death or transportation for life, that no materials were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate when the remand application was made. At that time His Lordship also heard the Government Pleader who had then not been seriously instructed to resist the bail application.

In this application which had been made by Government Their Lordships had been asked to commit the accused to custody.

An affidavit made by Sub-Inspector Desouza who had been specially deputed to investigate this matter had also been filed. The materials contained in the affidavit disclosed facts which if true would render the accused guilty of murder and abetment of murder. It was also alleged that these persons were responsible for importing bombs and distributing them in the City and that after their arrests there had been no bomb outrages. The affidavit also stated that if the accused were released on bail, investigations would be hampered.

For these reasons, His Lordship came to the conclusion that the original order should be reversed and the bail bond cancelled.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas and Mr. H. V. Kamat appeared for the accused and the Government Pleader Mr. S. G. Patwardhan appeared on behalf of the Crown.

THE AUTO-BUCKET
(PATENTED)
Fills and Discharges AUTOMATICALLY
Substitute for Leather MASAK
Suitable for NATA-SYSTEM
INVALUABLE FOR DOMESTIC USE
SAVES LABOUR
SAVES TIME
LASTS for YEARS
Particulars from:—
AUTO LIFT CO.
15, Lake Terrace, Calcutta 29.

while ordering Sandpapers remember Ajax
FLINT (SAND)
GARNET
EMERY
SILCARB
AJAXITE
PAPER
CLOTH
DISCS
ROLLS
BELTS
TAPES
Etc., Etc.
Sandpapers play a great part in wood industry. Being an important item of raw material for final finish, wise buyers prefer AJAX sandpapers. For fine furniture and wood products use AJAX abrasives.
AJAX PRODUCTS LTD.
106, ARMENIAN STREET MADRAS
Managing Agents: MURUGAPPA & SONS
Sole Selling Agents
Messrs MARSHALL, SONS & CO. (India) LTD., Marshalls Building, Ballard Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Bombay Stockists:—
DESAI TUBE & HARDWARE MART, Tankiwalla Building, 200, Nagdevi Street, Bombay.

ASSOCIATED RESEARCH LABORATORIES, BOMBAY
ANNOUNCING
to the Textile Trade & Industry
NEW additions to the existing range of our manufactured Dyestuffs:
ARLINDON BLUE 04B
(Identical to Indigosol 04B)
FAST GARNET GBC Base
FAST SCARLET R Base
(For samples and details apply to:
FEDERAL DYES & CHEMICAL CO.,

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(The Scindia Line).
BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI
Tues. Thurs. Sat. Wed. Fri. Sun.
06.45 Dep. Bombay Arr. 13.15
12.30 Arr. Delhi Dep. 07.30
(Will be operated DAILY soon except Sundays)
Fare: BOMBAY-DELHI Rs. 154/-
Freight space available.
SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
Phones: 21919 Scindia House, 25744 Mandvi 86236 Juhu
Telegrams: AIRTAXIES.

BOMBAY RACES
WINTER MEETING—7th DAY—SATURDAY—20th DECEMBER, 1947
THE MATHRADAS GOCULDAS CUP
WINTER MEETING—8th DAY—WEDNESDAY—24th DECEMBER, 1947
THE AGA KHAN'S CUP
DAY TICKETS:
1st Enclosures: Gentleman Rs. 5 0 0; Lady Rs. 3 0 0
2nd Enclosures ..... Rs. 3 0 0
SEASON TICKETS:
Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Member ..... Rs. 40 0 0
Non-Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Non-Member Rs 40 0 0
RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

FLASH News!

AT LAST!

YOU WILL HAVE THE PRIVILEGE TO WITNESS THE ACTUAL THINGS WHICH TOOK PLACE ON THE KASHMIR FRONT!

FREE INDIA'S FIRST NATIONAL DOCUMENTARY!

Educational Films Guild's Unique Little Production

THE

KASHMIR -STORY

(A Lesson in DEMOCRACY)

*

SEE IT FROM TODAY AT THESE THEATRES.

★ EXCELSIOR, ★ STRAND,
★ CAPITOL, ★ CENTRAL,
★ KRISHNA, ★ MINERVA,
★ PLAZA, ★ HINDMATA,

and from Tomorrow at

MAJESTIC
AND
NEW WEST END

Exclusive Distributors:
THE WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD., BOMBAY 7.

From Today!

CITY-LIGHT

---Matunga (B. B.)---

Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 P. M.

NEW THEATRE'S

DOCTOR

Bharati, PANKAJ MULLICK

Sunday Morn. 9-30 A. M.

SAVITRI' (Tamil)
M. S. SUBBALAXMI—SHANTA APTE

PRAKASH'S
Great Hit
That is POPULAR

Bhakta DHRUVA

9 TH WEEK of 'HOUSEFUL' SHOWS

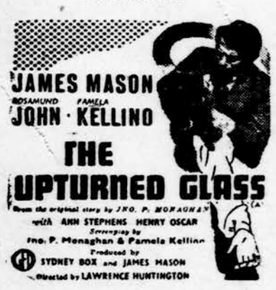
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Sun. & Hol. Mat. at 12-45
Daily: 3-30 6-30 & 9-30
Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release

REGAL Air-cooled Phone: 35017

Daily At 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

BREATH-TAKING THRILLER!


JAMES MASON
ROSAMUND JOHN · PAMELA KELLINO
THE UPTURNED GLASS
with ANN STEPHENS HENRY OSCAR
SYDNEY BOX and JAMES MASON
directed by LAWRENCE HUNTINGTON

Sunday Morning At 10

"A STOLEN LIFE"

BETTE DAVIS, GLENN FORD

7th WEEK

RAJKAMAL'S COMEDY HIT

JEEVAN YATRA

Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.

LAMINGTON

STRAND

Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 p.m.
EXTRA MORN. SHOW ON SUNDAY AT 10-30 at Evening Rates.

ALSO SHOWING:—
An epic of heroism of the valiant people of KASHMIR, who rose as one and faced the onslaught of the raiders and how they defeated and annihilated the transgresser.

HUMAN DRAMA at its BEST!

OPENING
THURS. 25th DEC.

Krishin Movietone's

Mumtaz Shanti, Pramila, Ranjit Kumari, Kumar, David, Gope

Director: Ram Daryani

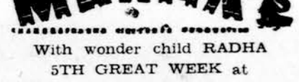
KAPURCHAND Release

ROXY

Ad. Bkg. from Mon. 10 to 12 and 9 to 6

HER MUSIC OF DEVOTION SOARS HIGHER!

See and Hear Kokilagan SUBBULAKSHMI in



With wonder child RADHA

5TH GREAT WEEK at

CENTRAL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Adv. Booking:—10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.

On return from Ahmedabad

PRITHVI THEATRES

Presents

DEEWAR

On Sunday, 21st 9-30 a.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Plans open from today

9th Week of Triumph!

ALL-INDIA'S UNUSUAL HIT

LOCHANA, WASTI, MADHURI

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

KRISHNA

A FAMOUS Release

A Wonderful Love Story... A Great Motion Picture!
COLUMBIA PICTURES presents
Glenn FORD · Janet BLAIR
in
Gallant Journey
with CHARLIE RUGGLES · HENRY TRAVERS · JIMMY LLOYD
Original screenplay by Byron Morgan and William A. Wellman
Produced and Directed by WILLIAM A. WELLMAN

EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P. M.

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Margasirsh Shud 7, 2004
Muslim: Safar 5, 1367
Parsi: Tir 17, 1317
Sunrise 7-06 a.m., Sunset 6-06 p.m.
Hightide 03-56, 16-02 Lowtide 10-35, 21-36

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

DISHAVAL BANIA: Chanchal wife of Manilal Chhaganlal Modi of Gujarati Type Foundry, Bombay, died on Thursday at 11 p.m. at her residence, Parnakuti, Juhu. Uthamna ceremony at Juhu on Friday, 19th December, 1947, between 5-30 and 6-30 p.m.

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Septenary Constitution of Man" is the subject to be taken up for study at 6-15 p.m. today at Wadia Building Opp. Flora Fountain.

BHAGINI SAMAJ SEVA-MANDIR A Variety Entertainment in aid of the Bhagini Samaj Seva-Mandir at Sunderbai Hall at 6 p.m. today Mr. Morarjibhai Desai will preside.

A.E.S. HIGH SCHOOL: Golden Jubilee Celebrations; inaugural address by Dr. M. R. Jayakar at 6 p.m. today at the stadium at the Junction of the Sandhurst Bridge and the Hughes Road.

CELEBRATION OF DR. HANISH'S ANNIVERSARY: Today (Friday) at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road 104th Birth Anniversary of Dr. O. Z. Hanish will be observed. At 6-15 p.m. special gathering when various speakers will speak on life and service of Dr. Hanish. Mother Gloria will preside at both the functions.

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE: Dr. J. C. Tavadia, Ph. D., Lecturer at the Hamburg University, who is now in Bombay on his way to Santiniketan will give a public lecture on "Proper Method of Zoroastrian Study and Research", at 6 p.m. today in the Dr. Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall of the Institute, 136, Apollo Street, Fort.

YOUNG BUSINESSMEN'S ASSOCIATION: Public debate at the Convocation Hall at 6 p. m. today Mayor of Bombay to preside. The following resolution will be moved by Shri K. K. Shah:— "In the opinion of this house the present policy of decontrol initiated by the Central and Provincial Governments is in the best interest of the country". Mr. A. D. Shroff will lead the opposition.

BALSEKAR MEMORIAL AMBULANCE COMMITTEE: Second death anniversary of Mr. S. S. Balsekar will be observed at 9 p.m. today Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, when two scenes from a konkani drama 'Ekuchi Ghotu' will be staged by the Natya Kala Mandal.

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE, (Farel) the annual sports and social gathering at 4-0 p.m. today D. N. Mahta Commissioner of Agriculture and Secretary to Government of Bombay. Agricultural and Rural Development Department will preside.

W. BENGAL BAN ON "LARKE MILA PAKISTAN"

The Government of West Bengal has directed the forfeiture of the booklet in Bengali entitled "Larke Mila Pakistan" (Pakistan has been obtained through fighting) purported to have been written by Chengis Khan and printed and published by Mahommad Nuruddin at the Islamia Art Press, 138 Kareya Road, Calcutta.

A similar order forfeiting the booklet in Urdu entitled "Mamoon Bhanja Ki-Larai Aur Mahmud Ghaznavi Ki Charhai" (Fight between the maternal uncle and the nephew and Mahmdu Ghazni's invasion) by M. D. Ahmad Ali "Baham", has been issued by the Government of West Bengal.

The scheme for the training of compounders in some of the Government Civil Hospitals in Bombay Province has been extended to the J. J. Group of Hospitals, Bombay.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Dec. 19, (Friday).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute) 8-45 Sheikhlal Qawwal and Party (Naat Altaf) 9-0 Latafat Husain (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. Mahila Mandal (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Apki Pasand 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour 4-20 School Broadcasts 5-0 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute) 5-15 Children's programme (H, U and H) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 S. R. Naik (Vocal) 6-30 Natwarlal P. Vaidya (Vocal) 6-45 Vimal Patki (Vocal) 7-0 Sheikhlal Qawwal and Party (Naat Hameed) 7-15 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute) 7-30 Chitti Dhari He Bol: Pratipakshawar Mat by Anant A. Kanekar (M) 7-45 Mixed Melodies (Ghazal) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kisan (H) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Art of Living: The Art of Growing Old (E) 10-0 Vimal Patki (Vocal) 10-30 Latafat Husain (Vocal).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Geetmala 5-45 p.m. Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Com News 8-0 Natwarlal P. Vaidya (Vocal) 8-15 Bhavgeeten 8-30 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1 9-0 S. R. Naik (Vocal) 9-15 Latafat Husain (Vocal) 10-0 Ena Fonseca—Soprano (Novello) 10-10 International Concert Orchestra (Lehar) 10-15 Eric Sargon—Violin (Corelli) 10-30 Out Post Concert Series (Recorded by U. S. I. Service).

RANJIT'S

WOH

ZAMANA

2nd WEEK at

IMPERIAL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO CITY'S FIRST WOMAN SHERIFF

BOMBAY, Thursday:

His Excellency Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay today praised the services rendered to the city by Mrs. Mithan Lam, first woman Sheriff of Bombay, whose term of office will end with this month.

Speaking at a reception to him and Lady Colville held by Mrs. Lam in the Ball Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel, Sir John said: "No one, I am sure, could have filled the office with more grace, efficiency and dignity. Bombay, the first city, has again led by having the first woman Sheriff".

The Governor expressed pleasure that her successor would be Mr. M. L. Dahanukar and shook hands with him warmly.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, declared that Mrs. Mithan Lam was "the first woman sheriff in 350 years, since the Countess of Pembroke held this office in the 17th century." This remark was greeted with cheers from the guests.

"I have done my duty in my own humble way," said Mrs. Lam in reply to the tributes, acknowledging "the wholehearted co-operation of the citizens of Bombay, in fact, right from His Excellency and the Prime Minister to the man in the street".

Sir John and Lady Colville were introduced to the 500 and odd guests who included some of the Bombay Ministers, the Mayor, Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Sir S. B. Billimoria, Sir Behram Karanjia, Lady Duggan, Lady Rama Rao, Sir R. P. Masani Mr. K. R. P. Shroff and Mrs. Bapsy Sabavalla.

ARYAN EDUCATION SOCIETY

Golden Jubilee Fund

The Aryan Education Society, Bombay, which was founded in 1897, will be celebrating its golden jubilee with a programme of public meetings, entertainments etc. extending from 19th to the 26th inst., to be held in a specially erected stadium near Sandhurst Bridge Maharshi Annasaheb Karve will preside at the celebrations. The Society's appeal for a golden jubilee fund has resulted in donations totalling Rs. 47,539 being announced, among which mention may be made of the following:—

A Sympathiser, Rs. 10,000; Trustees, Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, Rs. 3,000; R. N. Shinde & Sons and Dr. R. V. Sathe, Rs. 1,001 each; Messrs L. V. Apte, Dharamdas Hargovandas, P. R. Bhat and M. M. Munzre, Rs. 1,000 each; Messrs. R. P. Kabadi, S. P. Kabadi, Satyabhama P. Chaudhari, Dr. H. V. Tilak, S. M. Dahanukar, G. V. Puranik, R. H. Barmukh, M. C. Ghia Charitable Trust, G. B. Vader and N. V. Virkar, Rs. 501 each; Dr. S. K. Gokhale, D. R. Naik, Dr. N. A. Purandare and J. V. Mogre, Rs. 500 each; M. V. Gokhale, Rs. 301; K. R. Bhide, Rs. 300; V. H. Karandikar, N. B. Kale, D. R. Kothare, Sir V. N. Chandavarkar, G. N. Chhatre, S. V. Joshi, B. V. Tambe, D. P. Dandekar, Sir Chintamanrao Deshmukh, K. E. Pansare, R. B. Panvalkar, H. K. Rao, S. D. Shirodkar and M. A. Sakhardande, Rs. 251 each; Dr. V. M. Kerkar, Dr. R. S. Kelkar, Prof. D. R. Gharpure, N. V. Damle, G. S. Mhaskar, N. D. Samant and A. N. Sukhtankar, Rs. 250 each; B. D. Jog, Rs. 215; R. B. Apte, V. A. Kashikar, Dr. Y. A. Samant, Rs. 201; Rao Bahadur U. S. Desai, W. K. Mankar, H. G. Mhatre, R. B. Raut, Rs. 200 each.

THE SOCIETY'S SCHOOLS

The Society conducts:

The Aryan Education Society's High School, 75, Girgaum Road, Bombay 4.

The Aryan Education Society's Primary School, with Montessori Classes, 75, Girgaum Road, Bombay 4.

The Aryan Education Society's Girls' High School, Sharada Sadan, Girgaum, Bombay.

The Aryan Education Society's High School, Palghar, Dist. Thana.

The total number of pupils on the rolls of all the schools is about 3,000.

The Society has, in the course of the last half a century, imparted education to thousands of pupils who have been serving and helping the national cause in some way or another, whatever the sphere of action chance or choice has thrown them into.

SOCIETY'S NEEDS

The Aryan Education Society needs funds for the following purposes:—

(i) a building for its Girls' High School in Girgaum;

(ii) a house for its Primary School in Girgaum;

(iii) the fifth floor to be added to the building of its High School (for Boys) in Girgaum;

(iv) a hostel for its High School at Palghar, Dist. Thana;

(v) the Society has a project on hand. It proposes to start an Evening College of Commerce, especially, for the benefit of such ambitious matriculates as are compelled by their pecuniary circumstances to take up service on completing the High School Course.

The Society appeals to its past students, sympathisers and the public in general to encourage the Society in its patriotic endeavour with the necessary financial help.

DR. M. D. D. GILDER

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works, will leave for Pardi in the morning on Sunday, December 21 and return to the city the same night.

MR. B. G. KHER

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, will leave for Poona on Saturday morning (December 20) and return to Bombay on Monday (December 22).

MR. G. D. TAPASE

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries, Fisheries and Backward Classes, who is due to return to Bombay from New Delhi on Friday evening (December 19), will leave for Ahmedabad to attend the meeting of the Provincial Backward Class Board to be held there and will return to the City on Tuesday, December 22.

BOMBAY'S NEXT SHERIFF

Mr. M. L. Dahanukar

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. M. L. Dahanukar to succeed Mrs. Mithan Lam as Sheriff of Bombay.

Mr. M. L. Dahanukar is a well-known industrialist and businessman of Bombay. He entered business at an early age and has been working hard for comprehensive industrialisation of India on modern lines. He firmly believes that the country's first line of defence is its industrial strength.

He has extensively travelled in Europe and America and has visited important centres of industries and workshops abroad. His activities in the field of business have been large and varied and he has been connected with several educational and social institutions. He was member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for over seven years and of the Bandra Municipality for about five years. He is on the Board of Directors of several well-known industrial concerns, banks, insurance companies, air services and other important public utility organisations. He was for several years President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce. He served on the Executive Committee of Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Indian Merchants' Chamber of Bombay. He was deputed by Government as Employers' Delegate to the International Labour Conference in Geneva in 1939.

CITY FATHERS ON HAWKER MENACE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The hawker menace in the city figured in the Bombay Municipal Corporation today when the House considered a resolution requesting the Corporation to allow squatters to use specified parts of footpaths on payment of Municipal tax, without inconvenience to pedestrians.

The resolution moved by the Congress Party member Mr. V. M. Nagvekar, evoked strong protest from the Opposition members. Mr. N. C. Bharucha calling it an "election stunt."

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, asking the Corporation to reject the proposition, said: "The way in which we solve the hawkers menace will be the test of the civic sense of the Corporation" He referred to the great inconvenience and hardship caused to the people by the hawkers spreading their wares on footpaths which were built by the Corporation at a cost of over five crores of rupees for the exclusive use of pedestrians. Mr. Mehta also drew pointed attention to the insanitary conditions in which the hawkers were selling fruits and vegetables, which constituted a serious danger to the health of the city.

He suggested that some open space should be provided for them to conduct their trade in sanitary and healthy conditions.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that the ooject of the resolution was not to support the hawkers, but to ask the House to lay a clear-cut policy in this regard. He suggested that the Works Committee should fully go into this question and evolve a policy which would be to the interests of both the pedestrians and the hawkers.

The resolution was referred to the Works Committee on an amendment moved by Mr. B. A. Dalal.

The Corporation also considered another resolution moved by Mr. N. C. Bharucha requesting the Government to re-introduce the Subsidised Milk Scheme to make available pure milk to infants, children, nursing and expectant mothers at the rate of six annas per seer. The resolution was referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee.

An identical resolution, moved by Mr. R. A. Gole, asking the Commissioner to enquire and report on the possibility of the Corporation running the Milk Scheme was referred to the Medical and Public Health Committee.

Palestine Day In Bombay

The Central Committee of the Federation of Nationalist Muslim Centres has declared Friday, January 9, 1948 to be observed as Palestine Day to protest against the decision of the U.N.O. to partition Palestine.

Announcing this, Mr. Abdul Hussain Bharatputra, General Secretary of the Federation, Haji Babullah, President Jamiat-ul-Ansar (Bombay) and Hakim Azal, Secretary Jamiatul Ulema-i-Hind, (Bombay) in a joint statement appeal to all Indians to observe the day by organising mass meetings and processions and passing resolutions condemning the U.N.O. decision.

NOT FOUND

The lad whose photo is given above, is not seen since last Monday. Any person who gives information will be rewarded by paying Rs. 101 cash. Information should be given at: 4th Marine Line, Bld. No. 34, 2nd Floor, Bombay 2. SHANTHABAI.

ASSOCIATION OF ELECTRICAL UNDERTAKINGS

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The hope that in determining their policy, the Central and the Provincial Governments would not be influenced by doctrinaire theories but would be guided by past achievements and future potential of private enterprise was expressed by Mr. V. F. Noel Paton, President of the Association of Electrical Undertakings Bombay Province, speaking on the occasion of the seventh general meeting of the Association, held this evening at Electric House.

Mr. Paton thought that the emphasis on the Electricity (supply) Bill was on nationalisation i.e., protecting the public against mismanagement and inefficiency of a public utility concern rather than on its nationalisation. He was sure that without nationalising conducive measures could be devised conductive to the electrical development in the country. Private enterprise, he asserted had not exhausted its usefulness in promoting these objects.

Mr. Paton complained that it was unfair on the part of the Provincial Government to compel them to pay for getting their accounts audited without communicating to the members of the industry the full report of the auditors.

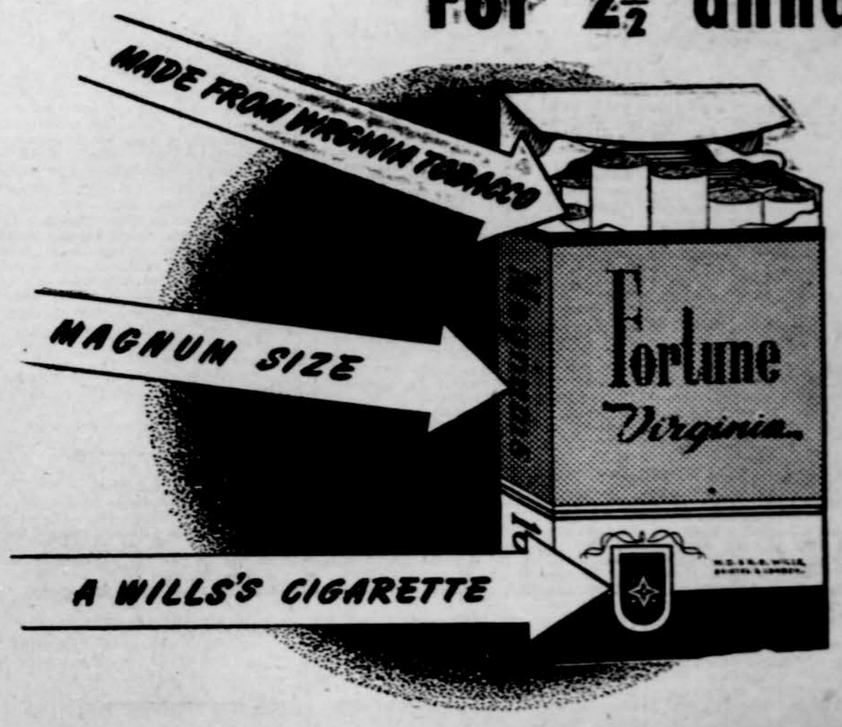
The meeting elected the following eight members to the Council for the ensuing year.

Messrs N.C. Javeri G.D. Morarka, J. B. Manockji, V. F. Noel Paton, S. J. W. Baldwin P. E. Patel, K. S. Gunder, N. N. Adajania, and D. H. Nariman.

here's FORTUNE!

Ten Big Cigarettes

For 2½ annas



make a FORTUNE

your favourite cigarette

SHOWERS IN BOMBAY DECCAN

All-India Weather

POONA, Dec. 18 (API.) The following is the weather summary for Thursday.

Observations from northwest India are absent. Thunder showers have been widespread in Malabar and local in south Hyderabad. A few showers have also occurred in the Bombay Deccan, Mysore, southeast Madras and the north Madras Coast. Night temperatures have been markedly below normal in east Rajputana and Neighbourhood.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 19th EVENING: Widespread thundershowers will occur in the Peninsula south of latitude 12 degrees north. A few showers are also likely in Mysore, south Hyderabad, the Bombay Deccan, in the near Central India and in Kashmir.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from November 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. today.

Ahmedabad 83 58 0 2.1 plus 1.9 Ahmednagar 86 53 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Akola 86 64 0 0 minus 1.0 Amraoti 86 65 0 0 minus 0.8 Aurangabad 87 65 0 0.2 minus 0.9 Bangalore 80 66 0 1.1 minus 1.8 Baroda 88 49 0 0 minus 0.8 Bhopal 82 52 0.8 0.1 minus 1.1 Bhuj 75 43 0 0 minus 0.1 BOMBAY 88 71 0 0 minus 0.5 Calcutta 80 58 0 0.2 minus 6.8 Calicut 87 75 0 0.4 minus 5.6 Cawnpore 73 38 0 0 minus 0.5 Cochin 87 74 2.5 3.7 minus 4.2 Colombo 85 72 0 0 9.1 minus 7.3 Gulbarga 81 51 0 0.5 minus 0.7 Hyderabad (Dn) 83 76 0.3 1.1 minus 0.2 Hyderabad (Sind) Nil Indore 51 0 0 minus 0.7 Jubbulpore 83 51 0 0 minus 0.7 Khandwa 87 62 0 0 minus 1.0 Lahore 73 35 0 0 minus 0.3 Lucknow 71 38 0 0 minus 0.3 Madras 86 73 0 2.9 minus 15.0 Mahableshwar 74 59 0 0.6 minus 1.2 Nagpur 79 62 0 0— Poona 86 63 0 0.3 minus 0.9 Simla 50 39 0 0 minus 1.2 Srinagar 50 23 0 0.9 minus 0.2 Surat 90 58 0 0 minus 0.3.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 20-12-47:—

Rainfall is likely locally in the Karnatak, Central Hyderabad, Marathawada, Mawal, Desh and Khandesh and at a few places in south Konkanpatti.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—

Rainfall will decrease.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

There is no gambling like politics.

—DISRAELI.

The Bombay Chronicle

INDUSTRIES CONFERENCE

The Industries Conference held at Delhi during the last few days has unanimously adopted several resolutions regarding industrial expansion. The Conference wisely refrained from concerning itself with long-term plans beyond suggesting that separate machinery for such plans must be established very early so that completion of the immediate and short-term programmes might merge smoothly into future plans for industrial development. But despite its limited scope the resolutions of the Conference seem to be lacking in the precision and details demanded by the country's immediate needs. They doubtless deal with a number of important subjects and recommend generally the fullest utilisation of all forms of transport, an increase in the movement of coal, special assistance for increased production and increased imports of essential raw materials, erection of new steel plants, expansion of cement production and installation of ancillary thermal power stations. But many of the recommendations might well have been more specific and detailed. Probably that task has been left for the Government.

We welcome the more precise recommendations that there should be an increase in the movement of coal by four million tons per annum over the existing level of 25 to 26 million tons to enable existing requirements to be met. But how is this increase to be effected? The Conference tells us that "the fullest use should be made of the present wagon availability", that "every effort should be made to increase wagon availability and other railway facilities", and that "there should be the fullest utilisation of road, river, sea and air transport". Such generalised suggestions have little difficulty in being unanimously adopted. But could not the Conference suggest some specific ways of co-ordinating the various means of transport? In his address to the Conference Dr. John Mathai, Minister for Railways, was more helpful when he pointed out that before the war practically all the coal sent to Bombay and Kathiawad went by sea, but that it is now sent by rail for the reason, among others, that the railway rates are still considerably lower than those charged by shipping companies. He evidently suggested that the railway rates might have to be raised unless the shipping companies reduced theirs. The suggestion has the merit of being definite and perhaps necessary. The Conference might have made specific suggestions on this point.

The Conference has rightly urged that the recommendations of the Indian coalfields Committee regarding the acquisition of mineral rights and co-ordinated development of production in new areas should be implemented by Government early. As the present Government is pledged to a policy of State ownership or control of key industries and as coal is a most essential industry there should be no further delay in implementing the Coalfields Committee's recommendations. In view, however, of the limited resources of coal and the vast need for more power for rapid industrialisation, we agree with the Conference that simultaneously with the prepartion and execution of hydro-electric projects like the Damodar Valley Scheme, which will take time, existing plans for the installation of ancillary thermal power stations should be speedily implemented. The important questions of relations between management and labour and the vast scope for small-scale and cottage industries we shall consider on another occasion. We trust the various recommendations of the Conference will be considered promptly by Government. Speedy increase in production is not possible without prompt and definite decisions by Government.

An Equitable Settlement

Some of the features of the recent Indo-Pakistan Agreement need to be considered in some detail. The main contents of the agreement refer to outstanding currency and financial matters, and they are couched in such eminently reasonable terms that we feel inclined to congratulate both the governments on the fairmindedness and accommodativeness shown by their representatives. At an early stage of the working of the expert and the steering committees it was feared that agreement on these issues would be wellnigh impossible, and matters would in this respect, as had been the case in partition questions, have to be referred to an Arbitration Tribunal. Either because of the tragic results attending on the partition award or because of a firmer realization of the harm done to the international credit of both the Governments, parties to the discussion this time saw the vital need of a speedy and voluntary agreement. This is all to the good, as otherwise such questions as the release of our sterling balances, the position of the dominions in international economic bodies and foreign trade agreements would have proved most difficult of solution. That the difficulties would conceivably have been greater for the Pakistan than for the Hindustan Government does not take away from the mutually satisfactory character of the settlement.

On the question of Pakistan's share of the sterling balances, it is gratifying to note that the justice of the argument advanced by the India Government and by its highest financial experts, who in this respect are still the advisers of the Gavernment of Pakistan as well, has ultimately been accepted by both sides. As the sterling balances are held as reserves against note currency issued by the Reserve Bank of India, it is natural to divide them in proportion to the notes in circulation within the borders of the two Dominions. Issues such as respective contributions to the war effort or the sacrifices undergone as a result of the war have naturally no relevance to this allocation, though at one time the representatives of the Pakistan Government have been known to have urged such considerations. The agreement now arrived at is based on the currency, and not the effort or sacrifice, ratio. We are not sure of the implications of the rider attached to this clause of the agreement to the effect that India should sell to Pakistan for Indian rupees additional blocked sterling upto an agreed limit as when demand is made until the end of 1967. Sterling is a cover for note circulation and not for the rupee coinage, and we fail to see the justification for India surrendering sterling for rupees, which are a token currency without any reserve liability, thus replacing sterling by rupees in its currency reserves. This, perhaps, is one of the gestures of friendliness to which the Deputy Prime Minister drew attention in the Assembly. We hope to have clearer exposition of the implications of this part of the agreement from expert and authoritative sources

As for the other assets, a 17½ per cent ratio of distribution seems to have been accepted by both sides, and considering the relative tax positions we do not find much cause to quarrel with it. That India should have been made the sole successor to all the international privileges and liabilities of the old Government only underlines the position of Pakistan as a seceding state. An eventual adjustment of liabilities as between the parent and the seceder still awaits conclusion, but we are promised that this also will be done on an equitable basis. The payment of adjusted liabilities of Pakistan is to be made in fifty equated annual instalments which are to commence four years hence. Both the length of the period and deferment of its commencement by four years are obvious concessions on the part of the Indian Dominion, and it is to be hoped that the young and as yet not very properous State of Pakistan will appreciate the spirit of restraint and good-will on which it is based. That a reciprocation of these qualities on the part of the Pakistan Government is essential for evolving a common economic policy for the two countries has recently been proved by the unilateral action of that Government in levying an export duty on jute passing from East to West Bengal. While it is true that the Pakistan Government has not violated the letter of the interim stand-still agreement by imposing these duties, it is equally clear that they have added to the difficulties both of an agreement between the two Dominion Governments and of the negotiations between them and the rest of the world. A customs union between the two dominions is much to be desired in the common interests of both and we do hope that the financial agreement now arrived at will pave the way for a closer economic alliance between Pakistan and the Indian Dominion.

Frankly Speaking

Agrarian Reforms

The main question before the two-day Conference of Revenue Ministers at Delhi was that of agrarian reforms with special reference to the abolition of the Zamindari system, On the need for abolishing this system there is now a consensus of opinion. It is also clear that the Zamindars should infairness be given equitable compensation. The question remains as to how best the land taken over from them can be utilised.. Here is a big scope for planned cultivation so as to prevent the emergence in another form of absentee landlordism and the formation of tiny uneconomic holdings. The Conference has not formulated any plan in this behalf, but has suggested that the Congress President should appoint a Committee of experts to prepare a scheme of agrarian reforms. The Committee is expected to submit a report by 31st March, 1948 The time given is ample and we hope the report will not be further delayed

Gandhiji's Warning

In East Africa, which is a Colony and, therefore, the responsibility of the British Government, an anti-Indian Immigration Bill is before the Legislature and unless withdrawn, may become law on December 20. As Mr. Dawood Hajee Nassar says in his telegrams to Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, "it will not only doom the prospects of Indians with regard to immigration but will retard Indian progress in trade, industry and the daily walks of life. Thus the status of Indians would be reduced to that of second class citizens, which is absolutely inconsistent with the dignity of independent India". By this Bill the Britishers of East Africa and the British Government in Whitehall are depriving Indians of their rights materially and insulting a great country and its people. Gandhiji referred to this Bill on Wednesday and expressed the hope that the authorities in East Africa would realise the inadvisability of losing India's friendship. In his characteristically friendly and mild way, India's leader has uttered a warning the gravity of which, the Britishers should, if they are sensible, seriously realise. By courting a quarrel on such an important issue with India they will lose more than they will gain by their racial aggrandisement.

Sind And Hindu Employees

Sometime ago the Sind Government issued a statement to the effect that it did not want the Hindu members of Provincial services to quit Sind and that it was opposed to any exchange of public servants in the provincial sphere. The statement was accompanied by an assurance that the Government would safeguard and protect the interests of Hindu employees in every way. We had no difficulty in supporting that statement. And we recall that India's High Commissioner at Karachi fully commended this attitude of the Sind Government. But it is not possible to defend the latest fiat of that Government, which constitutes a particularly unfortunate example of autocratic injustice and persecution, that cannot be excused on any ground or plea, however plausible.

Indefensible Fiat

The Government of Sind, says a Karachi report, has issued orders that no Hindu Government employee should go outside Sind during the ensuing holidays without a permit. What is more, heads of departments have been instructed not to grant any such permit, but on the other hand to cancel even those permits already issued to such Hindu teachers in Government schools, as had wanted to spend the vacation with their families in the Indian Union. The Sind Government may, perhaps, argue that Hindu employees may resort to such means, since official exchange between provinces has been refused for quitting Sind. But their fiat is not the way of stopping them. The Government ought to realise the simple fact that people do not leave their homes, jobs and their careers unless they feel forced to risk their all. If the Sind Hindu employees are wrong in fleeing they ought to be convinced not by force, but by other methods that they have no need to run away. But in no circumstances must any Government employee, in any province of any of the two States, be compelled to remain and serve in that province against his will. Such compulsion is Fascist dictatorship.

The Comet

Sir,—On 15th December at about 7-15 p.m. we saw from Colaba seashore the comet reported by Principal Gunjikar in your paper of the same date. We saw it through a pair of binoculars. It was just visible to naked eye. The position of the comet is about 10deg. left of Venus.

—Yours, etc.

K. P. DUTTA,
N. R. CHAKRAVORTY.
Coast Artillery School,
Colaba.

Last Indian Cotton Shipment Reaches Japan

TOKYO, Dec. 18. (U.P.A.): The last Indian cotton boats laden with 270,149 bales of raw cotton docked at Kobe today. This completes shipment of the 170,000 bales of cotton which India contracted to sell Japan in 1947.

In Industries Conference

Nehru's Call To Stop Slowing-Down Of Production

PLEA FOR INDUSTRIAL TRUCE

Token Strike Of Dec. 29 Condemned: Sponsors Urged To Reconsider Decision

NEW DELHI, Dec. 18.

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing the Industries conference, today, emphasised the need for stopping the slowing down of production. He supported the plea for an industrial truce for a period to increase production.

The Prime Minister condemned the proposed token strike in Bombay Scheduled for December 29 and appealed to the sponsors to reconsider their decision.

In the last few months, said Pandit Nehru, India had passed through all manner of tremendous crises, and we would have to face colossal problems. While we had to do this, on the other hand, we had seen a progressively deteriorating economic situation. We talked, and rightly so, of the problems of distribution, important as that was there must obviously be something substantial to distribute before we could start that process of distribution, and therefore, we came to the problem of production.

Production became the first essential but with it was intimately allied the question of distribution. Production depended upon many factors and one of the most important of these factors was a psychology to produce. If that psychology was lacking, then inevitably production went down. There were so many factors which contributed to the decline in production. There were the consequences of the war (a certain tired feeling of hard work, the consequences of political upsets of partition, of communal troubles and the like. But perhaps one of the major things we had to face in industrial relations was this psychological background, which made labour feel that it did not get a square deal.

COMPLETE LACK OF CONFIDENCE

The employers feel that they were threatened with all manner of dangers and that labour was not pulling its weight that it was continually threatening strikes, slowing up work and so forth. So employers and labour approached each other not only with a complete lack of confidence, but in a spirit of extreme hostility. How were we to get over this?

On the one hand he thought there had been a tendency on the part of labour, or certain labour groups, to profit, to take advantage of certain difficulties which the nation had to face to have strikes and stoppages of work and slowing down of work at a time when that meant hitting the nation. If that kind of thing happened, labour which undoubtedly had and should have the sympathy of most people in this country, would find that a slight barrier tended to grow up between the larger labour element and other elements in the country. It was not good for labour to have that barrier to up.

DID NOT BEHAVE WELL

So far as the employer side was concerned, during the last was a certain section of the employer class did not behave well. In fact they behaved excessively badly. Apart from giving a square deal to anybody, they thought mostly of themselves and of little else. He had yet to understand the fact that in spite of the tremendous and heavy taxation in India, how these vast fortunes were made by certain individuals or groups. We had to find means and machinery to present this kind of shameful traffic, which meant profiting at the expense of the nation and others.

It was easy to find fault with certain sections of labour or certain sections of the employer class. We could not turn everybody into angels there would be no problem if people were advanced enough to think and act in that way, but one had to create conditions when those who were not angelic did not find it easy to flourish (laughter) and would find difficulties in their way, that is, we had to create inducements to fair dealing and honesty and certain disadvantages attaching to any other course of action.

HONEST MEN IN CONFLICT

Leaving out the people who might not be up to the right standard of fair dealing and honesty, the difficulty came when honest people were in conflict. Normally people who were not honest sometimes made up their differences sooner because they had nothing strong to stick on to. They were not used to any anchorage but just floated about and so, under pressure of events they came to terms. But honest people who held opinions very stoutly did not come to terms because they thought that any other way was the wrong way. I take it that most of us who are here are honest people (laughter) and people who have thought about these matters and hold strong opinions and therefore, find it a little difficult to accept the other person's view.

Nevertheless, the major fact confronts us: that all manner of perils face us in India today. And although other perils may for the moment be at the forefront, the ultimate peril is the slow drying up of the productive capacity of the nation that affects us politically economically and in every other way. And gradually our strength goes down to resist those very perils that face us. Therefore, you have to stop this drying up of our productive capacity.

We must increase production: We must increase our national wealth and national dividend. Only then can we really raise the standard of living of our people. We may here and there make some adjustment by a more equitable distribution of existing wealth

PRECARIOUS PEACE

Nobody could say how long this very precarious peace in the world would last; It might break up any moment not any moment but say in a relatively brief time. How could we face it except by building up, before that happened and while that happened, an economically strong, well-balanced India with a strong enough defensive apparatus? Defence meant today essentially and far more than Armies, Navies and Air Forces, industry and production. The final results of the last war were due to the amazing capacity of American industry and scientific research. They won the war, not so much the soldiers or others. Therefore, we must from every point of view, internal and external, stop this slowing up of production, increase it and rapidly build up industries. This would also enable us to tackle problems of unemployment and raising the standard of living.

OBJECT OF CONFERENCE

This could only be done if there was peace in industry. He took it that the object of the conference was to promote peace in industry for a certain period at least to give us breathing time. The resolution mentioned three years but he was not interested in this particular period. The point was that it would be a tremendous thing to India if all those represented at the conference came to the conclusion that they should have a period of truce for some time when there should be no strikes or lockouts.

Obviously it was too much to expect this to be done unless there was some machinery and apparatus to settle disputes to the satisfaction of the people—concerned—or more or less to their satisfaction because there could not obviously be hundred per cent satisfaction when two parties had a dispute. He supposed that it was not beyond the wit of man, or even the wit of the Government of India (laughter) to produce some such machinery and scheme

Wherever there were such schemes, it was curious that opposition was taken to them on both sides. The President of the Associated Chambers of Commerce repeatedly told his audience that Government should not interfere or intervene in any way. He thought that if Government stood aloof, industry would flourish. It was very interesting to me to hear that because I had thought that particular viewpoint had almost vanished from the earth (laughter). Still, it existed in Calcutta at any rate

LABOUR'S IDEA OF ARBITRATION

On the other hand, labour's idea of arbitration and adjudication was that if they were not happy about the result, then they were free to do what they liked. He could understand that psychologically, but practically speaking, it became impossible to have adjudication or arbitration if we were to approach it in that spirit. If we could, as he thought we could, have proper, impartial machinery, which machinery in the modern world was bound to incline towards labour rather than towards others, then we could resolve such difficulties as might arise from time to time.

BOMBAY TOKEN STRIKE

Referring to the proposed token strike in Bombay against adjudication and decontrol, Pandit Nehru said, "It seems to me quite astoundingly irresponsible for any organisation, whatever its views and ideologies to indulge in strikes at this moment and in this way, even though it might be a token one-day strike. It shows a complete lack of understanding of the political situation or the international situation, or the national situation, or the economic situation, or the human situation or for that matter of any situation. I should not like to criticise any people without discussing the matter with them, but I confess that it passed my understanding how any responsible person can indulge in this kind of token strike at a moment when there is always a possibility of something like that giving rise to even bigger problems and bigger conflicts. When all of us here and all over the country are thinking in terms of finding some way out of this impasse, even though it may be a temporary way out.

So just at this moment to indulge in this kind of token strike seems to me to be very unfair and very unfortunate.

"This Government is supposed to be a popular Government and to represent the wishes of a large majority of people if that is so, and if that Government takes any measure like this, how do those who oppose that measure proceed? Either they are in majority or in a minority. If hey are in a majority, it is very easy for them to put an end to that Government

FEAR OF CONFLICTS

If they are in a minority, any such action that they might want to take means that a minority is trying to ccerce the majority. It may of course lead to a temporary success for the minority, to the majority getting angry and setting upon the minority After all, if you start conflicts, two can ply at the game of trying to coerce the other part of the community So even from the narrowest point of view of a group, this business is unwise and does not pay, but it does a lot of harm to the community.

I hope, therefore, that this type of token strike is not followed because it means not only a loss of production for that day, but it may mean petty conflicts.

If some one does not go on strike, then you put him out and then there is trouble. Then some one is arrested by the Police and immediately a vicious circle starts. Instead of including in stoppage of production, the workers could resort to other peaceful means of expressing their wishes for example by meetings and peaceful demonstrations.

PEACEFUL WAY

Instead of indulging in stoppage of production, the workers could resort to other peaceful means of expressing their wishes by meetings and peaceful demonstrations.

He begged of those who thought of a token strike to reconsider their decisions and try to think in a large way, for, if he might say so, in a more rational way and consider the consequences of these actions. It might be that many of these things that occurred happened because of some cause which did not appear on the surface. For instance, some kind of elections might be pending and people might think that if they behaved in a particular way they might have a pull in the elections. Ultimately it became a question for all of us to consider whether we were to think in terms of some petty election or some permanent and larger interest. If we were interested in the former, it was not much good talking about bigger things. He was sure that there was quite enough determination and sense in this country to get over these petty difficulties and to face the larger issues.

He expressed the hope that the conference would decide on some kind of truce in industry for a period and devise means to see that everybody got a square deal.

DECONTROL

"Opinions may differ about either compulsory adjudication or decontrol. So far as decontrol is concerned, we have announced a policy which is a very cautious one.

We may be wrong but the only way to proceed about such matters is to be always ready to correct an error as soon as one is convinced that it is an error.

RIVER VALLEY SCHEME

Pt. Nehru said that he attached more importance to the development of our river valley schemes than to anything else. It was out of those that new wealth was going to flow into this country.

In order to approach these problems properly, one had to have some breathing space "I do not ask you to give up any of your particular ideologies and beliefs. Stick to them But just realise that even your particular ideology may have a greater chance of advancement if we have some peace and build up something now for the next year or two, and meanwhile we develop those other policies".

If you want a fight, let us have a fight afterwards, but at any rate let us have something worth fighting for. Otherwise the thing we fight for vanishes. That is not good enough or wise enough.

MOVEMENT OF FOODGRAINS

Why Province Is Divided Into Zones

The Government of Bombay has seen comments in the Press on the decision to divide the Province into the Zones, viz., Gujerath and the rest in respect of movement of foodgrains, under its revised food policy. These seem to be based on a misunderstanding of the intention of the Government and the food position in the two zones.

Prices of cereal foodgrains had not been controlled at uniform levels throughout the Province. This was due partly to the normal regional differences in prices and partly to the prevailing level of prices when control came into existence. In these circumstances, with the relaxation of control over prices and movement, there would have been a tendency for foodgrains to gravitate from the low-priced to the high-priced market irrespective of whether such movement was justified by considerations of transport or by the relative deficit or surplus character of the areas concerned. In order to arrest such movement and avoid its logical consequences, the Government decided, on the one hand, to continue rationing in the four big cities and on the other to control movement from the relatively low-priced to the high-priced region.

The demarcation of regions on the basis indicated above was influenced by no other consideration than that of price levels and supply position.

In normal times as well as during the last five years of control, the level of foodgrain prices in the Gujerat area has been much higher than that in the rest off the Province or, indeed, in the rest of India. Thus, for instance, while the maximum prices for Jowar and Bajra have been about Rs. 6-12-0 and Rs. 7-4-0 per maund respectively in the rest of the Province and elsewhere in the Union, the maximum prices in Gujerat have been as high as Rs. 8-12-0 and Rs. 9/- per maund for Jowar and Bajra respectively. On the basis of price levels, therefore, the Gujerat area appeared to be most suitable for being demarcated from the rest of the Province. The Government of India's decision to maintain control over inter-provincial movement of grain during the transitional period was based on similar considerations.

This conclusion was re-inforced by considerations of the supply position in the two regions. On the basis of the figures for the last normal year, viz. 1944-45, the net production of cereal foodgrains per capita per day is 18 lbs. for the Gujerat region minus Ahmedabad City and 28 lbs. per capita per day for the rest of the Province minus Poona and Sholapur Cities. (Greater Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona and Sholapur would under the revised food policy receive their supplies out of allotments under the Basic Plan and not out of Provincial production.) It is purely for these economic reasons that the Province was divided into two zones. It is a matter of extreme regret that this decision of the Government has been misrepresented consciously or unconsciously in a section of the Press as an act of partiality to Gujerat

21 More Alleged Leftists Executed In Greece

ATHENS, Dec. 18 (UPA). Twenty-one more alleged Leftists were executed today, 10 at Salonika and 11 at Volos, according to press dispatches.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

BULAWAYO, (S. Africa) Dec. 17. The Councillors of Bulawayo (S. Rhodesia) Council swore by Smuts' policy last night when they demanded that Indians in Southern Rhodesia be segregated—Indians who are "parasites of the worst kind and a canker attacking white civilisation".

* * *

Referring to the draft anti-Indian Immigration Bill before the East African legislature, Mahatma Gandhi hopes the authorities in East Africa would realise the inadvisability of losing India's friendship.

The "authorities" would, in their turn, appeal to Mahatma Gandhi to realise the inadvisability to the Europeans of losing "what is ours" in East Africa by virtue of the White Man's divine right to appropriate Africa, lock stock and inhabitants.

* * *

Mr. G. M. Syed, criticising the Karachi decision, says that unless a Pakistan National League was formed and thrown open to all its nationals irrespective of their community there would be no salvation for the country.

But where, then, would be salvation for the Muslim League and the historic two-Nation theory?

* * *

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy in a further comment says that communalism has won its victory in the division of India and now the two States must rise above communalism.

Mr. Suhrawardy seems to be somewhat unhappy over the victory. Why?

* * *

We quite believe Dr. Beel, the Dutch Premier, when he says that he is not visiting Batavia for direct contact with the 3-Nation Commission or participation in the "Renville" discussions.

He is there only to create and consolidate the correct force of circumstances for them. As he himself has revealed, his purpose it is to constitute "the federal organs" of the Government of Indonesia as urged by some pro-Dutch Indonesians. Clear?

* * *

The Dutch War Minister has told his Parliament that the organisation of the Royal Netherlands Army is being directed towards facilitating despatch of troops to Indonesia.

Naturally, naturally.

* * *

Apropos of M. Georges Duhamel's assurance to the Viet Namese of imminent "Dominion Status", a spokesman of the French Overseas Ministry describes it as "pure fantasy. It does not in any way correspond to the truth of the situation".

Of course, it doesn't. We should have been surprised if it did in any way correspond to the truth of the situation.

* * *

The "Age of Yalta" is dead: this was the considered reaction in Congress Press and Diplomatic circles to the breakdown of the Foreign Ministers' discussion in London.

—Washington Report.

And now for the "Age of Death" itself.

"LEAGUE HAS MISLED THEM IN ISLAM'S NAME"

Moulana Abdul Halim Advises Muslims To Join Congress

AMRAOTI, Dec 18. (A.P.I.): Muslims in India were advised to join the Indian National Congress by the Conference of Nationalist Muslims of C. P. and Berar held here, today, by Moulana Abdul Halim who was in the chair, said that the Muslim League had misled Muslims in the name of Islam, and ultimately Mr. Jinnah's agitation had resulted in the division of India and bloodshed.

The President said that Muslims in the Indian Union should chalk out their own programme for the future as times had changed.

The conference passed resolutions expressing full confidence in the leadership of Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, urging Muslims to join the Indian National Congress, supporting the Indian Union Government in its policy towards Palestine, condemning the dictatorship of the Nizam and other Princes denying responsible Government to their subjects.

D.C. LEAGUERS SAY

No Truck With A.-I. Harijan Conference

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, Vice-President of the All-India Depressed Classes League, and two office-bearers of the Bombay Provincial League, Mr. S. G. Songaonkar and Mr. T. H. Sonavane, issued a statement here today dissociating themselves from the "All-India Harijan Conference," announced by Bhagat Amichand, to be held in Bombay at the end of this month.

They also denied that Mr. G. D. Tapase, Backward Classes Minister of Bombay, had agreed to inaugurate the conference, and that Mr. Jagjivan Ram, India's Labour Minister, had supported the move.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General of India and the Countess Mountbatten of Burma, accompanied by the Lady Pamela Mountbatten, the Hon. Katherine Norton, H. H. Princess Yolanda de Ligne and Madame Letellier and attended by their Personal Staff, have left.

The Governor of Bombay administered the oath of office as Sheriff of Bombay to Mr. M. L. Dahanukar at the Secretariat.

His Excellency and Lady Colville attended a party given by Mrs. Mithan Lam, the outgoing Sheriff at the Taj Mahal.

India's Measures To Check Flight Of Capital

Bhabha's Press Conference In London

LONDON, Dec. 19. (Reuter): "Panic" flight of capital from India, an acute dollar situation and Government measures to control these problems were reported by the Indian Minister of Commerce, Mr. C. H. Bhabha, at a London press conference today.

Mr. Bhabha, who headed the Indian delegation to the world trade conference at Havana and has been spending a few days in London, resumes his journey home by air tomorrow morning.

Replying to questions, Mr. Bhabha said: "There has been a certain flight of capital away from India due to nervousness and a misreading of the situation."

"But," he added with a smile, "I can tell you that I have not sent any of my own money out of the country".

GOVT. MEASURES

Explaining that there were currency restrictions in many parts of the world, the Indian Commerce Minister observed: "We do not permit any panic flight of capital from India, and, for this reason, we have adopted restrictions similar to those which prevail in other countries experiencing similar difficulties".

ACUTE DOLLAR POSITION

On the dollar situation, Mr. Bhabha said: "The position is rather acute. We need more and more dollars at every stage of our country's development. We have been fast eating into our dollar resources.

"We are trying to canalise our trade in such a fashion that we earn more dollars in our current trading".

Mr. Bhabha said that during his stay in London he had met members of the British Government including the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps. He expected that talks with British representatives on the sterling position would take place at Delhi shortly.

FOOD SITUATION EASED

He summed up the food situation in India as follows: "It has been eased. We hope in a few months to be able to decontrol food completely and be independent of the rest of the world. We believe more now in the doctrine of self-help and self-reliance. The grow-more-food campaign is producing dividends. By means of strategic depots we are ensuring the free flow of food throughout the Dominion.

"Events in India", declared Mr. Bhabha, "Are moving at a very fast pace—faster than many people in other parts of the world seem to think: faster than their own countries moved in the past. In the big cities of the United States, I found a great undercurrent of sympathy, understanding and goodwill towards India".

GROSSLY EXAGGERATED

He regretted that some reports he had read in Britain about recent happenings in India had been "to put it mildly, grossly exaggerated". What had happened in particular localised areas in one or two Provinces, he added, had been made to represent conditions prevailing in India.

INDIA WILL NEVER DESERT KASHMIR

(Continued from Page 1.)

over Government from them, but if we cannot improve upon it and provide better administration, what is the advantage? The Congress has not demanded power for sake of power but for the sake of service.

If you have narrow ideas like Sikhistan, Jatistan, Rajasthan, I should like to say the world today is different. We cannot think of any such narrow ideology. Government must be of the people—rich, poor, Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Christians.

GOVT. OF THOSE WHO EXERT

We have to conduct governmental affairs in a manner that each one feels it is his own Government. Times are such that Government is of those who exert and not of those who sit idle. You should be certain how and for what purpose you use power. We have to utilise power for the welfare of the downtrodden.

"I find in the State there are Prajamandal and Congress, Hindu Sabha, R. S. S., Rajput Sabha, Jat Sabha and so on. This will not do. You have yet to get together and work together.

HYDERABAD CAN'T REMAIN ISOLATED

Referring to the hope expressed in the address that Hyderabad should also join the Indian Union within one year, Sardar Patel said he had no doubt that it would come. It would realise that its interests demanded it. "The people demand self-Government in Hyderabad. They have a right to do so. How can Hyderabad remain isolated? It will come of its own accord. Muslims demand parity when Hindus are 85 per cent and Muslims 15 per cent. Responsible men should not talk like this. Some say they have connections with Pakistan. If that is so they will have to bear the consequences".

KASHMIR PROBLEM

Referring to Kashmir, the Sardar said Kashmir was a different problem. The Pakistan Government were saying the tribesmen had become infuriated and were attacking, looting, etc.

READY FOR ARMED STRUGGLE WITH PAKISTAN IF NEED BE

.. But everyone knew it was not the work merely of raiders. There could be no doubt that there were some regular troops armed with automatic weapons. Nevertheless, if Pakistan wished to decide this issue by armed struggle, we were ready for it. He would not give up the struggle for Kashmir in this manner. It was their duty to stand by Kashmir and they should discharge that duty.

India would not desert Kashmir even if the struggle went on for ten years, but ultimately, it would be for the people of Kashmir to decide their own fate, and that could be possible only when the last raider had left the State.

There was, therefore, no cause for worry, but the people of Jaipur could assist the Government of India by spreading the message that there should be no trouble elsewhere.

ADVICE TO R. S. S.

Sardar Patel then turned to complaints which he had received against the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh and emphasised that if so many complaints were received, the Sangh should realise that there must be something wrong. He appreciated the enthusiasm of young men, but that should be diverted into constructive channels.

There was a great deal to be done to make India militarily strong. Very substantial industrial effort must back the Army. All that could not be achieved by the lathis of the Sangh which were being used for breaking the heads of a handful of Muslims.

There was no point in their hoping to get Pakistan back into the Indian Union. It would come of its own accord and they should, therefore, let them remain as they are. He was certain that whether they grew strong or weak, ultimately it would be better for them to get them back when they themselves felt like doing so.

BACK THE ARMY

The Sardar stressed the fact that a strong Army required strong support in the matter of supply and food. They had, therefore, to husband their resources and for that purpose they must forget their quarrels. "We old men have completed our mission", he said.

India has secured her freedom. The mantle will now fall on young shoulders and they should be ready to undertake it. They cannot do this if they waste their efforts over trifles. If they follow the path which the sangh has been following they would be doing a disservice to the country.

WE MUST PRODUCE MORE

Sardar Patel then referred to the position of workers, and said everyone realised that in order to subsist as a great nation India must produce more, but instead of that, agitators were compelling workers to strike, the latest instance being in Calcutta where the popular Government wanted special powers but obstruction was placed in its way. Firing had to be resorted to, but the reply was a threat of a general strike to compel the withdrawal of the Bill. There was no question now of foreigners being given special powers. It was a representative Government which could be changed if people wanted them to be changed. Let those who felt the urge to advise a general strike ponder over the reception which was accorded to their leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when he went to Calcutta. He was greeted by a million men. It was only agitators who clamoured for it (general strike). India was not going to benefit by such tactics.

We cannot afford to waste a single hour. It is essential for our existence that we should produce. If we still do not realise it, we are doomed.

ADVICE TO RAJPUT LANDHOLDERS

Turning to the concentration of land in a minority of people in the State like Jaipur, the Sardar appealed to landholders not to live on the earnings of those who shed their sweat and blood to make the soil productive. It did not behove Rajputs whose duty it was to protect others to live at the expense of others. Let them make sacrifices so that others might live. It was by disunity that India lost its freedom. Hundreds of years ago despite the prodigies of valour and heroism performed by men and women in Rajputana, India had become slave to foreigners. They should not repeat those mistakes.

JUNAGADH NOW OUT OF THE PICTURE

.. In the address he had also been asked to say something about Junagadh but there was hardly anything to be said. The people of Junagadh would deal with the problem. The problem of the States now consisted of Hyderabad and Kashmir.

POPULAR WILL MUST PREVAIL

"We have every hope," Sardar Patel said "that Hyderabad will do the right thing, before the year is out. In this world, the popular will can be ignored only at one's peril".

When such a big Power had to quit India under the pressure of popular opinion how could the Nizam hope to do otherwise? However, the new Government which had assumed office should be given a chance.

INDIA WON'T SIT IDLE

Some people feared that in the interim period Hyderabad would be prepared for a struggle. Even if that were true it was foolish to imagine that they would sit idle, while those preparations were being made. Finally the Sardar appealed to the audience to follow implicitly the constructive programme laid down by Mahatma Gandhi.

R

FOR UNAUTHORISED SALE of Sugar, ARDESHIR IRANI and RAMSWARUP BHUCAMAL were convicted and sentenced to eight months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2000 or, six months' rigorous imprisonment in default and six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 or, three months' rigorous imprisonment, respectively.

PERUMAL MUNSWAMI was convicted for obtaining rice without a ration document and sentenced to two weeks' rigorous imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 30.

For obtaining rice without a ration document and for possessing the same in excess of her 'normal' requirements, GANGUBAI RAYABA was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 100 or, undergo four weeks' rigorous imprisonment in default.

S. RAMNATH AYER was convicted for failure to report departure of absentees and for unauthorised possession of and unlawful drawal of rations on their cards and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 160 or, six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

Sind Hyderabad Riot Casualties

KARACHI, December 18. (A.P.I.): Twenty-seven persons have been killed and sixteen others have been injured in rioting at Hyderabad (Sind) which began last evening, said a Press Note issued by the Sind Government today.

Bombay Mail Suspended

As a result of rioting, the authorities have suspended the running of passenger trains, including the Bombay Mail, from Hyderabad Sind since yesterday.

'Ajmer Durgah Fully Protected'

KARACHI, December 18. (U.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister, sent the following telegram to Prof. N. R. Malkani, President of the Inter-Dominion Minorities Board, Karachi:

"Deeply regret the Ajmer occurrence. Situation well in hand. Durgah fully protected. Propose visiting Ajmer myself soon".

Three Fatal Stabbings

NEW DELHI, December 18. (A.P.I.): Three persons died and four were injured as the result of stabbing incidents at Kutub Road in Sadar Bazar area today. These incidents were preceded by an explosion in a cycle shop in Sadar Bazar, in which three persons were injured.

Curfew has been imposed in the Kutub Road area.

REFUGEE RELIEF IN EAST PUNJAB

Ramakrishna Mission's Appeal

The people are fully aware of the various Relief Operations,—Noakhali Riot Relief, Chittagong Flood Relief, S. S. Ramdas Relief and about all Refugees' Relief in East Punjab at Kurukasstra with which the Ramakrishna Mission is so busy at this hour.

All other relief activities except the Punjab Refugees' Relief will be over in a month or so. About 3 lakhs of refugees have now been sheltered at Kurukshetra the historical place where the Ramakrishna Mission is carrying on relief operations on a very extensive scale. The Mission through as many as 49 centres has been distributing milk to thousands of children for which the Government have placed 150 tons of dry milk at their disposal. The Mission has also been distributing medicines to the diseased and expediting the work of distribution of warm clothes and blankets for which more than 60,000 tickets have already been issued to the deserving people both by the Government and the Mission.

Through the generous collections of Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala the Bombay centre of the Ramakrishna Mission will soon despatch a few hundred blankets and some bales of old but good warm clothes for the refugees.

The Mission Relief Centre at Kurukshetra not only requires warm clothings and blankets but also funds for supplementing the relief work which with the aid of the Central Government has to be carried on for a pretty long time till the rehabilitation work is complete.

We appeal, therefore, to the generous public of Bombay to contribute their quota at this hour of trial and save the lakhs of helpless people who have taken shelter at Kurukshetra.

Any contribution in cash or kind sent to the Ramakrishna Mission, P. O. Khar, Bombay 21 or Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala, Prudential Ins. Bldg., Opp. Churchgate Station, Fort, Bombay, will be most thankfully acknowledged.

Peace On Jaffa-Tel Aviv Front

Haganah's Attempt To Keep Jewish Communications Open

JERUSALEM, Dec. 18 (UPA): Unconfirmed reports said that British authorities were permitting the Jewish Haganah defence force to use airplanes and armoured cars in keeping open Jewish communications in the Holy Land.

Roving bands of desert Bedouins continued to menace Jewish settlement beyond Beersheba, and Negev still was the most troubled area of the Holy Land.

Arabs attacked a Jewish bus and an old Jew was murdered outside the Old City. Arab road blocks sprouted all around Arab communities including the Old City, as Arabs continued their security measures to prevent infiltration of Jewish terrorists.

The British requested truce in the Jaffa-Tel Aviv front seemed effective.

ARAB LEAGUE'S DECISIONS

CAIRO, Dec. 18 (Reuter): Diplomatic circles in Cairo were today speculating whether a different partition plan for Palestine, with modifications in favour of the Arabs—particularly aiming at reducing the Arab minority in the proposed Jewish State—would be found acceptable to the Arabs, in view of last night's communique on the Arab League Conference.

The fact that the Communique discussed "faults" of partition as decided by the United Nations General Assembly, was seen as very significant.

ON THE FENCE

"Diplomatically speaking, the Arab League neither accepted nor repected the partition plan", was the comment of a reliable observer.

Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, said today: "We took seventeen decisions which will be implemented forthwith. We are keeping them secret, otherwise the Zionist would make capital out of them".

KRISHNA MENON FOR INDIA

LONDON, Dec. 18 (Reuter): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India in London, will leave for India tomorrow by air on an official business visit which is expected to last two weeks.

Reuter learns that during Mr. Menon's stay in India, the appointment of a new Public Relations Officer at India House to fill up the vacancy created by Mr. Sudhir Ghosh's transfer to New Delhi will be announced.

REFORMS IN ALWAR

Responsible Govt. In Two Years

ALWAR, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): On the occasion of the Convocation held in the Rajrishi College today H. H. the Maharaja of Alwar during his speech made an announcement about the constitutional reforms in Alwar.

He said that full Responsible Government will be established in Alwar within two years.

During this period an Interim Ministry will be formed of which, at least half the number will be popular Ministers".

"CEASE FIRE" ON INDUSTRIAL FRONT

(Continued from Page 1.)

the common aim of employers and labour.

"The system of remuneration to Capital as well as Labour must be so designed that while in the interests of the consumers and the primary producers excessive profits should be prevented by suitable measures of taxation and otherwise, both will share the product of their common effort after making provision for payment of fair wages to Labour, a fair return on Capital employed in the industry and reasonable reserves for the maintenance and expansion of the undertaking".

"For attaining these objectives, this conference recommends:

"(A) That the fullest use should be made of statutory and other machinery for the resolution of industrial disputes in a just and peaceful manner: Where it does not exist, it should be created without delay. Such machinery should as far as possible be uniform throughout India.

STUDY OF FAIR WAGES AND LABOUR CONDITIONS

"(B) The establishment of machinery, Central, Regional and Functional, for the study and determination of fair wages and conditions of Labour, and fair remuneration for capital and methods for the association of Labour in all matters concerning industrial production such as the formation of Central, Regional and Unit production Committees.

"(C) The constitution in each industrial undertaking of works Committees representing management and duty elected reprsentatives of labour for the settlement of any dispute which may arise from day to day.

HOUSING PROBLEM

"(D) That as a first step towards improving the standard of living of workers, immediate attention should be devoted to the problem of housing of industrial Labour; the cost of such housing should be shared in suitable proportions between the Government employers and Labour, the share of Labour being given in the shape of a reasonable rent.

The principles enunciated above having been accepted, this Conference calls upon Labour and management to agree to maintain industrial peace and to avert lockouts, strikes or slowing down of production during the next three years.

"THIS CONFERENCE INVITES LABOUR AND MANAGEMENT TO ASSIST GOVERNMENT TO SECURE PROMOTE AND GUARANTEE SUCH AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES AS WILL USHER IN A PERIOD OF CONTENTED AND ORDERLY ADVANCEMENT TOWARDS A CO-OPERATIVE COMMONWEALTH".

THE RESOLUTION WAS UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, on behalf of Labour, pointed out that the resolution was a compromise without committing any party, but he hoped that both Labour and employers would respond to the appeal and give effect to it.

Mr. Shibnath Banerjee said most of the strikes today were not of the seeking of the workers but imposed on them. Labour realised the importance of increased production but it was a mistake to assume that strikes alone decreased production. He pleaded for a new approach on the part of both the employers as well as the Government towards Labour.

Lala Sir Sriram, who moved the resolution, said that the draft had been agreed to by both the parties, not because they wholly subscribed to it, but because they realised that the situation in the country demanded that they should not stand for ideologies, but do their utmost to increase production. Unlike Britain where the campaign was to produce more in order to export, here in India the problem was one of meeting the barest demands of our own people.

Mr. Rajani Mukherjee on behalf of the Indian Federation of Labour, supported the resolution.

Sir Bigen Mukherjee on behalf of the employers welcomed the resolution and expressed the houe that a fair trial would be given to it.

'RED' TRIBUTE TO JAWAHAR

Mr. Phadke (Communist) supporting th resolution said that much would depend on the implementation of it. He hoped as a result of the agreement Labour would not emerge weaker. He paid a tribute to the Prime Minister Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, who succeeded in bringing about a rapproachment between the various parties and produced an acceptable resolution. He hoped the implementation of it would be in the same spirit in which the Conference passed the resolution.

Mr. P. Ramamurthi (Communist) said co-operation between Labour and Capital could only be on terms of equality. Labour could not be treated as slaves any longer. He hoped the spirit of compromise now in evidence would permeate the Provincial Governments also as they would be called upon to play a big part in giving effect to the resolution.

MODY ON COLLECTIVE WISDOM

Sir H. P. Hody said that though it was conventional to say that one had great pleasure in supporting a resolution, he could not say he had any great pleasure in doing so. (Laughter). Yet he supported the resolution because it was the result of the collective wisdom of the nation. The resolution imposed certain principles which went against the previous convictions of the employers but in the national interest they had agreed to extend their fullest support to it. He was sure everybody would get a fair deal if there was sufficient co-operation in putting up the industrial structure of the country on a firm footing.

Mr. Hariharnath Shastri on behalf of the INTUC said that his organisation had been advocating the adoption of the principles contained in the resolution. He hoped that the Conference would bring about a new era in the history of industrialisation in the country.

Mr. S. Guruswamy (Railway Labour) supported the resolution.

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Bombay said that the resolution would have far reaching significance in the economic life of the country.

PLEA FOR HUMAN RELATIONS

Mr. Nanda said that today there was acute scarcity of all essential commodities. The situation would not have so much deteriorated had we not failed in the sphere of human relations as between Capital and Labour. They were determined to make this country strong and secure though it might mean surrendering certain convictions but none of the parties was going to suffer by that.

He exhorted the employers to see that the agreement was given a fair trial and they should impress on their managerial staff to work the agreement in the spirit in which it was arrived at.

Mr. Jagjeevan Ram, Labour Minister, announced that Government were determined to implement the resolution on Labour and that he would take the earliest opportunity to set up the requisite machinery in order to give effect to its various clauses.

MOOKERJEE ON GOVT.'S STAND

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, in his concluding remarks, said that they had attained political freedom but it would not be worth the paper on which it was written unless it was followed as soon as possible by active steps which would lead to the economic prosperity of the common man in India. The Conference had laid down the lines of policy which in their opinion it was essential that the Government of India should pursue with the least possible delay. They had taken upon themselves a very grave responsibility and the country would judge them by the speed with which they were able to implement the most important resolutions that they had passed. One thing that naturally pleased them very much was that every one of them felt that it was necessary in the national interest to subordinate his personal or sectional feelings and to agree to a formula which would go to the betterment of the condition of the people of this country. If that attitude continued influence the activities of Government, industry and Labour, he had not the least doubt that India would enter into a new era of prosperity and economic freedom. (cheers).

Flare-Up In Allahabad Army Camp

SOLDIERS FIRED UPON BY MILITARY AUTHORITIES

Mutineers Overpowered And Arrested

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 18.—Great commotion was caused at Allahabad this morning, when the 6th Battalion of the Kumaun Regiment opened fire on 60 soldiers of the R.I.S.C. battalion who "mutinied" following an attempt by the military authorities to disarm them prior to disbandment.

The R.I.S.C. Battalion had recently arrived in Allahabad from Bannu, and it was to be disbanded and members absorbed in other battalions.

It appears that the members of the battalion had been out on Route March and in the meanwhile a batch of soldiers of the 6th Battalion of Kumaun Regiment asked the Quarter Master of the R.I.S.C. to hand over all ammunition. This led to the rumour that the soldiers were being disbanded in their absence. The R.I.S.C. members when they heard this rushed to their camp and found to their surprise that their arms and ammunition were being loaded away.

This was the signal for a free fight. The R.I.S.C. soldiers attacked the Kumaun regiment and took forcible possession of the fire arms. Military authorities hearing the news rushed to the place and fire was opened on the mutineers who also replied by firing. But the situation was handled courageously by the authorities, who mounted machine guns on the roofs of the barracks, made the mutineers to surrender their arms and ammunition immediately.

The mutineers were eventually overpowered and arrested. Casualties due to fire are not yet known.

MADRAS TRADE UNION'S CALL FOR DAY'S STRIKE IN SYMPATHY WITH N. G. OS.

MADRAS, Dec. 18. (A.P.I.): The General Secretary of the Madras Provincial Trade Union Congress has called upon workers all over the Province to go on a general Strike for one day in sympathy with the N. G. O. strikers. City workers are asked to strike tomorrow and workers in the mofussil either tomorrow or the day after to suit the convenience of the Trade Unions concerned.

He says that the strike is called not to embarass the Government but only to show the intense feeling of the working class for the just demands of the Non-Gazetted Officers.

STRIKE SITUATION

There was a slight improvement in the strike situation today, according to official sources. Reports from mofussil centres received by the Government reveal that at several centres strikers have returned to work, while the strike has been called off at Masulipatam, Tinnevelly, Palamcottah and Villupuram.

In other districts, however, more employees are reported to have absented themselves from their offices. Orders under section 144 have been promulgated prohibiting meeting and processions at Bellary, Chittoor, Cuddapah, Golden Rock, Trichinopoly and Ootacamund.

There was a rush of applicants today also for appointments in the city offices. Altogether 174 applicants were interviewed and allotted to various offices.

'STRIKE UNPARDONABLE'

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Minis and power, Government of India who arrived in Madras this evening expressed strong disapproval of the action of N. G. O.'s in the Province in going on a general strike.

Mr. Gadgil said: "My personal opinion is that a strike by Government servants is unpardonable. The Government is not run on principles of profit nor does the Government make profit by administration. The demands must bear fair relation to the standard of life which the population at large is having. No sane Government can make any section a privileged class by giving wages which bear no relation to what other sections of the population earn.

LEAGUE WALK OUT IN MADRAS COUNCIL

MADRAS, Dec. 18, (A.P.I.): Four Muslim League Members and three non-Congress Members walked out of the Madras Legislative Council this morning when Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Agriculture, rose to introduce the Madras Estates Land (Reduction of Rent) Bill, 1947, in place of the Revenue Minister, Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, who is now in Delhi to attend the All-India Revenue Ministers Conference.

As Mr. Madhava Menon was speaking on the Bill, the President of the Council, Mr. R. B. Ramakrishna Raju, immediately consulted the Premier, Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, and the leader of the House, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan. He sent for the members who had walked out and announced adjournment of the House till December 20.

Mountbatten Leaves For Delhi

BOMBAY, Dec. 18. (A.P.I.): The Governor-General of India, Lord Mountbatten, Lady Mountbatten and their daughter Lady Pamela Mountbatten left Bombay this morning for Delhi by air, after completing a crowded three-day programme in the city.

Admiral Sir Arthur Palliser, Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies station accompanied by Lady Palliser also left for Delhi by the same plane.

R

The period for the renewal of Mawa Licenses has been further extended upto 22nd December, 1947. The license holders are informed that they should tender their old licences on or before 22nd December, 1947, at the Office of the Milk Commissioner, Old Wellington Cinema Building Dhobi Talao, Bombay during Office hours with a renewal fee of Rs. 5/- each. If this is not done in time, they will be liable for action, as under the rules.

R

FOR EXPORTING CLOTH, DIPCHAND KISHANCHAND CHHABLA and NENUMAL KHANCHAND were convicted and sentenced—the former to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or, three months' rigorous imprisonment in default and the latter to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or, one month's simple imprisonment.

ABDUL KADAR was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment for obtaining wheat without a ration document.

ABDUL HUSSEIN KHAN ALLI was convicted for unauthorised sale of cloth and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 or, two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For unlawfully obtaining rice, BALANNA YELANNA was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 20 or, two days' simple imprisonment.

For unlicensed sale of charcoal and for non-display of price-list, HAMJA IBRAHIM LAKDAWALA was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or, undergo two months' simple imprisonment, in default.

25,000,000 Bushels Of Wheat For India

FOOD MISSION'S DEAL WITH AUSTRALIA: BRITAIN TO GET 80,000,000

NEW DELHI, Dec. 18. (A.P.I.): The Australian Government will sell to India, from the 1947-48 crop, 25 million bushels of wheat, including the flour equivalent of two-and-a-half million bushels, as a result of the negotiations concluded with the Australian Government by the Indian Food Mission which recently visited Australia, it is learnt here.

Delivery will be spread over a period of 12 months. A clause in the contract provides for and additional allocation of a further five million bushels of wheat in the receivals by the Australian Wheat Board from the 1947-48 harvest reaching 210 million bushels.

AUSTRALIAN FOOD MINISTER'S ANNOUNCEMENT

LONDON, Dec. 18, (U.P.A.): The Australian Food Minister has announced that Britain had contracted for 80,000,000 bushels of wheat at an overall price of 17 shillings an Australian bushel FOB Australian ports and India had ordered 25,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour at the overall price of 18 shillings 6 pence per bushel, the Australian News Bureau said today.

The British contract includes a supply of wheat and flour to Malaya and other areas for which the United Kingdom is responsible.

The contracts with both Britain and India provide for the allocation of an additional 5,000,000 bushels, should Australia's crop—the largest in Commonwealth history—go over 210,000,000 bushels, which it is almost certain to do, weather permitting.

The contract price is also to be reviewed should any signatory become a party to the International Wheat Agreement. The British Food Ministry undertook to provide shipping, the announcement said.

INDIA TO MEET AUSTRALIA'S NEEDS

The Indian Food Mission which negotiated the contract has undertaken to "press Australia's needs" for jute, textiles, caster seed, and linseed—all export products important to India's economy and in short supply in Australia.

The announcement of the wheat deal was something of a surprise since the largest quantity of wheat previously suggested for British allocation was 75,000,000 bushels. The allocation of such a large quantity to Britain and India will drastically reduce the amount of wheat Britain will have to import from the Western hemisphere, local food sources said.

ARE YOU LONELY?

Have pen and personal friends for entertainments, employment, exchange of thoughts, etc. Apply for prospectus with As. 2 stamps to:—
Secretary,
EAST & WEST INTRODUCTION BUREAU,
22, Balu Mudali Street, Madras 21.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S 57TH EXHIBITION OF PICTURES

UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION HALL.

Open daily (including Sunday) upto 24th December from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. (S.T.) Admission ANNAS FOUR ONLY. Book of Pictures Price Rs. 2/- during the Exhibition period.

BAD GOVERNMENT

cannot provide proper food, education and health to the nation; so also weak functioning of the organs of the body. Vinkola, just like a revolution, brings new energy and vitality.

GUARANTEED 100 PER CENT PURE
GHEE
Convince yourself with a trial order. Delivery at your door in Bombay or Suburbs. Just for a Postcard.
BACHUBHAI GHEEWALA,
Kasturbai Road, Malad,
BOMBAY.

NEW YORK
DIRECT FROM
BOMBAY
We now have 3 weekly passenger services DIRECT from Bombay to NEW YORK. Immediate passenger reservations are available. Contact your nearest TRAVEL AGENT or our General Agents—AIR INDIA LTD.
SKYCARGO
A weekly 'ALL CARGO' service to the Middle East, Europe and America. Send your parcels and freight 'Sky Cargo' to ensure quick delivery.
TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINE

THE PRIDE of INDIA

LODHRA
FOR LADIES' HEALTH
KESARI KUTEERAM LTD., MADRAS
EASTERNS.394
LODHRA AGENCY
NEO-UNITED SURGICALS
9, Vithaldas Road 2nd Floor
Bulahhidas Building,
BOMBAY, 2.

FINE FARE THIS WEEK

'Gallant Journey': Excellent Though Unpretentious Photoplay—Hokum Sails The High Seas In 'Adventure Island'—'The Firefly' Makes A Welcome Return—Feast Of Music In 'Carnegie Hall'

Excelsior

GALLANT JOURNEY (Columbia)
Players: Glenn Ford, Janet Blair, Jimmy Lloyd.
Director: William A. Wellman.

I liked this picture not because of any marked degree of dramatic import, which it actually lacks, nor for spectacular effects, that are conspicuous by their absence, but primarily for the sensitive direction which has invested the film with a simple charm and imparted to it a realism no larger than life.

I am not concerned with the authenticity or otherwise, of the film-maker's postulation that John Montgomery invented the first aeroplane; but I do like to see little Johnny watching the sea-gull wheel overhead and dreaming of one day inventing something that could similarly fly, and I share his excitement when his lying contraption manages to be hoisted a few feet off the ground. Poor John has vertigo—what a fine touch this, tinging the story with pathos—and so cannot fly.

Up pops Dan Mahoney, dare devil parachutist discovered by Regina, John's neglected sweetheart. He flies a glider which is lifted into the air by being tied to a balloon and cut off it when at a height. Success and newspaper headlines at least! But one day Dan crashes to his death and John's heart crumples up till a local padre reminds him that ever since creation progress has demanded sacrifice. John's eyes stray to the crucifix the padre is wearing .... What a fine scene, played with beautiful restraint.

The sale of a gold-separating machine, yet another of his inventions, enables John and Regina to marry. Their honeymoon is disturbed by another party claiming invention of the machine. John wins his law-suit but spends all his little fortune on it. So, backed by the faithful Regina, he returns to flying, and defying vertigo soars up in a flight that ends in the long sleep.

Every scene carries with it a simplicity that makes it believable. Only the last scene showing John flying to heaven, rings false. Glenn Ford as Johnny and Janet Blair as Regina beautifully soft pedal their roles. Dan Mahoney brings appropriate gusto to the part of the stunt-loving Mahoney.

Here is life itself with its hopes and disappointments, its simple joys and inevitable sadness. A bouquet to William Wellman for his fine treatment.

Enjoyable realism.

Strand

ADVENTURE ISLAND (Paramount)
Players: Rory Calhoun, Rhonda Fleming, Paul Kelly, Alan Napier.
Director: Peter Stewart.

A large slice of Hollywood hokum this, replete with age-old melodramatic situations and incredible characters painted on a garish canvas.

There is a lot of deviltry on the high seas when three beachcombers, Lochlin, Herrick and Huish, board a ship supposed to be carrying a valuable cargo of champagne. It also carries Faith, the dead captain's daughter who opposes Lochlin, a former ship's captain, when he takes over command of the vessel and sets for Peru. Huish, a drunkard, tempts Lochlin with drink, his old failing. This results in chaos on the ship and a fire from which Herrick rescues Faith. At last the quartet arrives at a treasure island where a maniac called Attwater has appointed himself Godhead by instilling fear into the minds of the inhabitants.

Now the film begins to bristle with melodramatic but innocuous touches in which a snake-pit, a champagne bottle filled with acid, and three deaths, all play their grisly part. Of course Faith and Herrick survive to live happily ever after as they sail away with a treasure of pearls.

Rory Calhonn as Herrick and Rhonda Fleming as Faith, are both very attractive, but their acting is as green as their years and certainly does not come up to their looks. Veterans Paul Kelly and Alan Napier as Lochlin and Attwater respectively, are wasted on their roles. There is a fine bit of acting from John Abbott as the Cockney drunkard Huish.

For children who like playing hide-and-seek or dressing up as brigands.

Metro

THE FIREFLY (M.G.M.)
Players: Allan Jones, Jeanette MacDonald, Warren William.

This is a reissue of the M.G.M. adaptation of the famous operetta made almost a decade ago.

Jeannette MacDonald and Allan Jones make a most attractive couple as two spies, one Spanish, the other French, working on opposite sides in Napoleonic times. Warren William lends a deft touch as Major de Rougemont, Staff Aide to Napoleon.

Lavishly set, this picture recalls memories of picturesque scenes, lovely constumes and a wholly creditable story, with enchanting melodies such as "The Donkey's Serenade", 'Sympathy" and "Gianina Mia", which help rather than hinder the plot on its way.

It has, of late, become a practice for exhibitors to release re-issues as if they were new pictures. This reprehensible habit should forthwith cease, and picturegoers should be clearly informed that it is an old but good picture that is offered them.

"The Firefly" brings with it one great regret—that the handsome Allan Jones, with a delightful manner and a fine voice, should have been superseded on the screen by less virile singers.

Well worth seeing again.

Eros

CARNEGIE HALL (Federal-VA)
Players: Marsha Hunt, Hans Jaray, William Prince, Martha O'Driscoll.

I saw this picture when on a holiday. It has left behind pleasant memories of some excellent classical music. The plot is negligible and serves merely as a peg on which are hung turns by opera and music celebrities, a list of whose names sounds like a benefit performance.

Actually shot in New York's famed Carnegie Hall, the film starts with its opening in 1891 when Nara Ryan an Irish orphan, comes to live with her aunt, a charwoman, at the Hall. As time moves on, Nara falls in love with an alcoholic pianist whose sudden death leaves her with Tony, their baby son, to support. Becoming a charwoman herself, she brings up Tony to love good music.

In the years between Tony's childhood and youth, many notables grace Carnegie Hall—opera singers Lily Pons and Rise Stevens, conductors Bruno Walter and Stokowski, violinist Heifetz and pianist Rubenstein. In the finale, Nara realises her lifelong ambition to hear the grown-up Tony play the piano in Carnegie Hall.

Marsha Hunt plays Nara, William Prince is Tony and Martha O'Driscoll enacts the role of his sweetheart. But it is the celebrities of the music world who are the real stars of this picture.

For music lovers.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

METRO—10 a.m.: "The Mighty McGurk"—Wallace Beery, Dean Stockwell.
STRAND—10-30 a.m.: "Adventure Island"—Rory Calhonn, Rhonda Fleming.
BANDRA TALKIES—10-30 a.m.: "Summer Storm"—George Sanders, Linda Darnell.

NOTE

All publicity material must reach this office by Wednesday evening at the latest.

Till the Management of the Regal-Capitol display more co-operation in this direction, and becoming courtesy when inquiries are made on the 'phone, the present critic will be unable to review their films.

"SARDI"—FILM EDITOR.

SEEING THE SHOWS WITH "SARDI"

Left: Rory Calhoun and Rhonda Fleming in "Adventure Island" (Strand).

★

Right: Janet Blair and Glenn Ford in "Gallant Journey" (Excelsior).

No Change In Status Of Bahrein

Bevin Explains British Government's Attitude

LONDON, Dec. 17 (Reuter): The British Government see no reason to change the status of Bahrein Island in the Persian Gulf, Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin stated in the House of Commons today.

Asked what was the British Government's attitude towards any change in the existing status of the island, Mr. Bevin replied "His Highness the Sheik of Bahrein is recognised as the ruler of an independent state under the protection of His Majesty's Government and in special treaty relations with them. His Majesty's Government see no reason to change this status."

Doctor Segal, Labour, said both the present ruler of Bahrein and his predecessor pursued a progressive and enlightened policy and Mr. Bevin's statement would give wide satisfaction.

U. S. SENATE APPROVES APPROPRIATIONS BILL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18 (Reuter): The United States House of Representatives approved last night an appropriations bill granting 909,000,000 dollars for emergency winter relief to Austria, France and Italy and 230,000,000 dollars for American occupation costs in Germany, Japan and Korea.

Earlier 150,000,000 dollars of this amount had been made available at once, in the form of a grant from the reconstruction finance corporation to be shared by Italy, France and Austria, which became automatically available under the Interim Aid Bill passed last Monday approving stop gap aid in principle.

These grants were to follow automatically on the President's signature of the Interim Aid Bill which took place earlier.

The Appropriations Bill, passed by the Lower House, with a comfortable margin, was sent to the Senate. When that chamber approves or amends the bill, the Interim Aid legislation will be complete. This is expected by tomorrow.

CZECH AMBASSADOR TO INDIA

PRAGUE, Dec. 17. (Reuter): Dr. Edward Benes, the Czechoslovak President, today received the newly appointed First Czechoslovak Ambassador to India, Jorsoslave Sejnoha, a former Ambassador in Cairo. He is shortly leaving for his new post.

Canada Sends Arms To Chinese Govt.

Move Provokes Protest From Various Organisations

VANCOVER, Dec. 17 (Reuter): Shipment of Canadian arms and aircraft to the Chinese Nationalist Government has provoked protests from various organisations and individuals that Canada is taking sides in China's civil strife, it was learned today.

Denying the charge, officials here said the shipments were not "political" but would earn badly needed United States dollars.

The second shipment—a 1,200,000 dollar cargo of small arms, ammunition and aircraft ground equipment—will leave here on Friday, it was understood.

It is stated to be part of a 105,000-000 dollar transaction under which Canada will supply 170 surplus Canadian-built Mosquito fighter bombers to China and falls within the scope of the 1945 mutual aid agreement extending a 25,000,000 dollar Canadian credit to China.

The first shipment, consisting of planes, ammunition and few aircraft worth 1,300,000 dollars left Montreal for China a few weeks ago.

Indo-Soviet Trade Possibilities

Russia Shows Interest

LONDON, Dec. 18. (IPA): Indications as to the desirability of opening the question of trade between Soviet Union and India are available, cables IPA correspondent. The Soviet Foreign Commissar, Vychaslaw Molotov, who is in London in connection with the Big Four Conference on German Peace Treaty, showed interest in trade talks in an interview here. As M. Molotov emerged out of Lancaster House after attending the deliberation on German Peace Treaty, he looked tired. Yet, he showed unusual interest when IPA reporter opened the subject of India's trade possibilities with Soviet Union.

According to M. Molotov, India, today, more than any time needed food grains in the shape of wheat and other cereals. The question of arranging the supplies to India was under active consideration in Kremlin, but because of Soviet's pre-occupation with national and international problems. The question of shipping wheat to India was being examined under favourable circumstances and Soviet Union was always ready to help India. Referring to industrialization and application of modern technique in agriculture, M. Molotov said these were two important problems facing India if she were to raise her standard of living and take the rightful place among major nations of the world. Soviet Union could help India in supplying her needs, and Soviet needed India's tea, jute and minerals, which could be exchanged for agricultural equipment and modern technical developments. Now that a Soviet Embassy has been established at New Delhi, it was up to the Government of India to act immediately via the Embassy.

When asked whether Russian arms were being used by raiders in Kashmir, M. Molotov drew attention to Mr. Krishna Menon's press conference where he said that the Soviet Union would not let her arms go beyond her frontiers as her special concern now was to keep her stock of arms high in view of international situation.

M. Molotov opined that India may not join the forces against Soviet Union in case of a third World War, even if Britain coerced her. Pakistan to his knowledge was an enigma to him, so far as its role was concerned in international situation.

It is understood here a delegation from India may soon visit Soviet Union to examine the question of trade between India and Soviet Union.

INDIAN TEACHERS IN ETHIOPIA

HAILE SELASSIE GIVES HEARTY WELCOME

ADIS ABABA, Dec. 17. (Reuter): Teachers who recently arrived from India to join Ethiopea have been welcomed by the Emperor, Haile Selassie.

The Emperor appealed to the new arrivals faithfully to shoulder the tasks before them and assured them of their support in their work.

The 28 teachers were brought from India by two special planes of the Ethiopian air lines. A delegation of two men was sent by the Ethiopian Ministry of Education to India to recruit them.

The problems of education being successfully tackled under the various schemes of the Indian Government are in a great measure similar to the problems of Ethiopia. These are now to bring primary education within the reach of the masses and decrease illiteracy.

Partisan Troops Occupy City Hall In Pescala

ROME, Dec. 17. (Reuter): Partisan forces occupied the city hall of Pescala, Adriatic port 100 miles east of Rome, for several hours today, and when ejected, set up a rival administration in a nearby building, headed by the former Mayor.

The Government had ordered the City Council to be dissolved and established a Special Commission in its place. When the order came, the Mayor of Pescala refused to leave the town hall.

Partisans moved in to support him but troops ejected them all.

Wallace Allowed Use Of Tulsa Convention Hall

TULSA (Oklahoma), Dec. 17. (U. P. A.): Tulsa city officials to-day opened the doors of the Convention Hall to former vice-President Henry A. Wallace in the interests of "freedom of speech."

Wallace has been scheduled to appear December 28 as the principal speaker at the national convention of the Negro fraternity Alpha Phi Alphi.

Street Commissioner George H. Stone said that protests against the appearance by Wallace had been received by the city but were rejected.

Floods In North Eastern Malaya

SINGAPORE, Dec. 17. (Reuter): The worst floods in 20 years are sweeping the North Eastern Malay states and have completely isolated Kota Maru, near the mouth of the still rising Elantam river.

King Carol Of Rumania

LISBON, (UPA): Former King Carol of Rumania, by moving from an expensive and fashionable hotel to a modest bungalow on Dr Oliveira Salazar Street, in Estoril, indicated that he intends to make Portugal his home for a considerable period.

He and his wife, the former Magda Lupescu, had intended to go on to France when they arrived here from Brazil last summer. But the French government refused them authorization.

Used Trucks For Sale

Chevrolet and Dodge 3-Ton Capacity in excellent working order, 1943-45 Model available with body or chassis only. Very few left.

Contact:
THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.
Warden Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 26.

Sole Agents:
D. MACROPOLO & CO., LTD.
Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras.

★ Look for the NEW BLUE LABEL.

CAVANDER'S MAGNUMS FOR LONGER ENJOYMENT

It all began on paper...

India's Provincial Governments encourage the development of her cottage industries and foster the Village Improvement Scheme whereby all rural areas will be hygienically reconstructed, with schools, hospitals, a protected water supply and good roads to link up with neighbouring towns.

As elsewhere, when men of vision strive to widen horizons and set new signposts to the future, it is paper that plays its modest though indispensable role in the planning of the project.

TITAGHUR

The foremost paper mills in India

Moderate Profit Taking In Share Bazar

FURTHER RISE IN COTTON PRICES

Bullion Market Quick On Increased Offerings

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet and drifted lower under scattered selling but recovered on renewed buying. The selling pressure was insufficient to change the general sentiment. It appears that in view of approaching Holidays, traders are securing profits. As a matter of fact the market is under the process of technical correction as the averages are well under existing quotations.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1950 and declined at Rs. 1930 on moderate realising but rallied at Rs. 1955. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 384 and after declining at Rs. 382 advanced at Rs. 386, Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1210 and eased off at Rs. 1185 but soon rallied at Rs. 1205. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 630 and after declining at Rs. 618 improved at Rs. 625.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1196/4 Kohinoor 622 Swadeshi 663 Nagpur 344 Simplex 249 New Great 422 Gokak 340 Indore 725 Century 975 Colaba 280 I Bleaching 156 Swan 370 Finlay 325 Morarji 605 Edward 707/8 Meyer 237/8 Apollo 4/4/6 I U Ordinary 17/3 I U Defd 3/5 Madhusudan 288/12 Poddar 346/4 Khatau X D 255

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord 385/8 Tata Steel Defd 1947/8 Second 154

CEMENT

Associated Merger 190/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 518/12 Belapur 349 Shivrajpur 42 Scindia 37 Construction 221 Tata Chemical 17/2 Tata Oil 72 Indian Iron 36/9 Bengal Steel 31/7

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tram Ord 137/8 Tata Hydro 178 Andhra 1567/8 Power X D 1745

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 92 Phoenix 1310 Ind Mfg 4460 Koorla 306/4 Dawn 1545 David 142/8 New City 242/8 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 640 Bharucha (Defd) 7/14 Bharat 50/8 Mysore 240 Madhavji 19/6 Model 213/12 Laxmi X D 1625 Vishnu X D 620 Western 4325 Standard 500 Sholapur 6300 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4550 Tata 82 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 20 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 408/12 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn 55 Simplex Cpn 126

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 157/8 New 148/12 Surat 171/4 New Prem. 110 Karachi 143/12 Broach 11 Ajmer X D 12/4 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 179 Bombay Suburban 176/4 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve 122 Imperial 2290 P P 573/4 Central 89/8 Coupon 19/8 India 244/8 Union 11/8 Baroda 171/4 Rabib 151 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 75 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 42 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 790 New India 80/8 Jupiter 32/8 Vulcan 14/2 Indian Mercantile 56/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 21 Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C P 108 Mymensing 110 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock V R 337/8 Steamer 605 Burma New 167/8 B B Petrol 3/11 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 74 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 109 Wimco 313/12 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 23/8 Alembic 267/8 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X R 190 United Motor 80 A C C New 106 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 26

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1355 Tata Power 1430 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115/10 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 126/4 Bradbury 495 Surat Elec. 165/10 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/6/6 B I C 10/2 Burma Corporation 3/15 New Victoria 6/4 New Victoria Preference 7/4 Raja 31 Phalton 124 Gold Mohur 305 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 297/8 Osmanshahi 285 Azamshahi 245 Air Service 14 Air Ambika 18 Air India (Tata) 196/4 Hind Motor 8/8 India Steam 16/10 Sone Valley 9

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

Tata Ordinary 385/8; Tata Deferred 1947/8; Indian Iron 36/13; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 31/7; Bombay Dyeing 1196/4; Central India 343/12; Gokak 340; Kohinoor 621/14; Simplex 248/12; Swadeshi 663/2; Tata Power 1745; Associated Cement 190/8; Belapur 348/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 518/12; Scindia 37, Central Bank 89/6; New India 80/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 153/12

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

In view of the recent active movement in Silver prices today no business was reported in Forward Silver and the Committee is in a session to find out some solution. Ready Silver was nominally quoted at Rs. 171/8. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 106/2 and after declining at Rs. 105/11 steadied at Rs. 106. Ready Gold was also quoted at Rs. 106.

The Committee has fixed maximum rates Silver Rs. 171 and Gold Rs. 108. The market finally closed as under :—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	170	8	0
Forward Silver	169	8	0
Ready Gold	105	5	0
Forward Gold	105	5	0
Sovereigns	68	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

The produce market was fairly steady with moderate business passing. Scarcity of stocks is having better feeling on the market while upcountry arrivals remain at a low level.

GROUNDNUTS: Khandesh Ready Rs. 32/4. Bold Rs. 31/14. Coromondal Rs. 32. Bold December-January Rs. 31/8. February-March Rs. 31/5. Oil December Rs. 17/14, Jan. Rs. 17/12 and February Rs. 17/12.

CASTORSEEDS: Ready Rs. 33/12, May delivery opened at Rs. 149/12 and declined at Rs. 148/2 on general selling but rallied at Rs. 148/12. Oil first pressing Rs. 21/12. Commercial quality Rs. 20/4.

LINSEED: Ready Rs. 29/2, February-March Rs. 29/4. Oil Rs. 17/10.

In the afternoon the market was quiet and Castorseeds May delivery closed at Rs. 147/14.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

The local cotton Market opened very steady and improved on moderate buying influenced by hopes of an early end of control but thereafter the market declined on increased selling attracted by bearish construction on Pundit Nehru's speech. Thus the market remains confused and traders are taking quick turns.

At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 506/8 and improved at Rs. 507/8 but later declined at Rs. 504/8. March option was quoted at Rs. 501/8.

Later on there was active buying and January advanced at Rs. 509 and reacted at Rs. 507 on moderate realising. The market generally anticipates early end of control while others believe that there will be no change in ceiling and floor prices.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under.

ICC Jan.	505	8	0
I C C March	501	12	0
I C C May	506	0	0
I C C July	513	0	0
I C C Sept.	517	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 17.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
Jan.	507-1/2	500	503-3/4
March	503-1/2	496-1/2	501
May	508	501	505-1/2
July	514-1/2	508	512-1/4
Sept.	518-1/2	512	516-1/2
Karachi 4F Jan.	55-8-0	55-8-0	55-8-0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1615 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Dec. 17.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	82-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-1/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	102-15/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	111-3/4
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-5/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	118-1/2
National Bank of India	33-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 10261.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Dec. 17.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, Dec. 17.

Silver Spot 45 d., Forward 44-3/4 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

LONDON, Dec. 17.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 137/6 Feb.-Mar. quoted.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.

December 3.09-1/4 bid.
March 3.04-1/2 asked.
May 2.96-3/4 to 2.96-1/2.
July 2.86-1/4 to 2.66-1/2.

NANDARBAR MARKET

NANDARBAR, Dec. 18.

Udad 17/12 Mug Chinai 30 Mug 22 Chola 21 Tuver Dal 36 Tuber 26 Mug Dal 34 Tilseed 32 Groundnut Small 24/8 Groundnut Bold 23/4 Groundnut-oil 49/10 Castoroil Tank 50/8 Castoroil Loose 58 Castorseed 155 Jaggary New 20 Choli 17 Oil market strong.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/5 4/5/6 4/4/6
Bharat 50/8 50 50/8
B. Dyeing 1215 1185 97/8 95 1208/4 1196/4
C. India 349 51 44 49 45 46 44
Bradbury (Pref.) 197/8
Ahmedabad Advance 460
E. Textiles 706 700 7/8
Elphinstone (Ord.) 92 91/8 92
Finlay 325 27 22 25
Gokak 244 45 40 41 40 41 40
I. U. (Defd.) 3/5/6 3/3/6 3/5
I. U. (Ord.) 17/6 17/5 17/6/6 17/3
Indore 717/8 12/8 22/8 20 25
Kohinoor 628 26 28 20 24 20 23 22
Laxmi 1625
Madhusudan 288/12
Meyer 237/8 35 37/8
Model 217/8 13/12
Madhowji (Defd.) 15 600 5
Morarji 602/8 15 60/ 5
New City 241/4 42/8
New Great 427 23 24 22
Podar 330 46/4
Simplex 251 53 47 49 47 50 49
Swadeshi 677 58 68 58 67 63
Swan 375 70
Tata Mills 82 82 82
Vishnu 620

BANKS.

Baroda 171/4
Central 91 89 90 89/8
Imperial (Old) 2295 97/8 90
Imperial (New) 575 73/12
India 247 47/4 44/8
Reserve 122/8 23 22
Union 11/12 11/8
U. Commercial 75/6 76 75 76 75

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 158/2 67/8
Andhra Valley 1570 67/8
B. Tram (Ord.) 137 38 37/8
Hydro 177/8 78
Karachi 144/6 45
Power 1745
New India Ass. 79/4 80/8

STEAMER.

B. Steam 600 5
Scindia 37/9 36/11 37/1 37

STEEL.

B. Steel 31/12 31/7
I. Iron 37/4 36/13
Tata (Defd.) 1950 60 35 42/8 25 57/8 42/8 47/8
Tata (Ord.) 386 85 86 82/8 83 82/8 87 85/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 154

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 340 37/8
A. C. C. (Old) 187 89 88 92 90 90/8
A. C. C. (New) 106 6/8 8 6
Belapur 351 47 49
B. B. (Old) 525 30 13/12 18/12 17/8 18/12
B. B. (New) 170/10 67/8
B. B. Petrol 3/11 3/11/6 3/10 3/11
Dena Trust 23/4 23/8
I. Bleaching 156
Port Canning 73
P. Const. 223 24 17 21
Shivrajpur 41/8 42
Tata Chem. 17/4 17 17/4 17/2 17/8 17/2
Tata Oil 72 71/8 72
Wimco 310 13/12
Walchandnagar 190

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 19/8
Central Bank (New) 90 90/8 90
Simplex Coupon 126
Mysore Coupon 83 85
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 148/12
Coorla Mills 305 6/4 3/12 6/4
Josts Engineering 113/12
Sardar Carbolic 810

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Dec. 18.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1964	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	6	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	15	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	2	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	6
3 p.c. Non-Terminable.	100	14	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	101	5	6
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	4	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1963-65	102	2	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	102	1	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	101	14	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57	106	8	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55	106	8	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949	99	6	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	101	0	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952	100	4	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	102	2	0
6 p.c K. P T	121	0	0

AMSTERDAM PEPPER PRICES.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 17, (A. P. A.): Batavia today quoted while muntock pepper at 340 guilders December-January per 100 kilos and black lampong at 240 guilders.

White Singapore was quoted at 308 shillings per hundred-weight December and black Singapore at 806 shillings.

WORTH STREET TRADING ROUTINE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17, (U. P. A.): Trading was held down to routine basis on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today by the approaching holidays and the forthcoming Christmas week shutdown by a number of mills.

Hedge Selling And Long Liquidation

New York Cotton Prices Decline 15 To 25 Points

NEW YORK, Dec. 17, (U. P. A.): Quiet trading and irregular prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. The market was a thin affair, seesawing over a range of $1.50 per bale, responding to samll orders either ways. The business was mostly of professional origin. Routine trade and mill demand cushioned setbacks but hedge selling, year end tax selling and commission house liquidation were more apparent whenever the market was around 36-1/4 cents for March. The overall activity was still restricted because of Washington uncertainties relating to anti-inflation programme and the European political situation following the break-up of the Four Power Moscow Conference.

ANTI-INFLATION LEGISLATION.

Traders feared that failure of the House to approve the anti-inflation legislation might result in the introduction of severe measures in the regular January session to curb commodity speculation and inflationary price spiral. In some instances, the market was still following the recent trading pattern. It appeared to give ground under its own weight as buying tapered off rather than because of concentrated selling. Wariness about pressing the selling side too far was increased by expectations that Germany may be in the market soon for 45,000 bales and that the Army shortly may begin buying 100,000 bales for Japan. Rubber tire manufacturers have been small but persistent buyers over the past few days which was furnishing some underlying support. However, smaller mill demand by and large has lately shown lack of aggressiveness, probably reflecting the usual Christmas Week vacation shutdowns or unwillingness to increase inventories prior to the year end. The possibility of increased producer marketings after the turn of the year when income-tax reasons will be out of the way also had tended to slow down mill demand.

The bullish contingent was impressed by the way in which the market digested the liquidation on Tuesday following the issuance of an unexpectedly large volume of delivery notices. Prompt taking up of tenders by leading firms was considered indicative of the underlying mill need for spot cotton to meet the huge textile backlog.

DECLINE IN PRICES.

Today's session opened two to 11 higher. Prices backtracked gradually 16 to 24 points from the highs in the forenoon. Prices steadied again in the mid-afternoon, erasing losses only to ease again at the close. Finally, the prices were 15 to 25 lower. The late selling followed the news of the House rejection to increase appropriations for emergency aid to France, Austria and Italy which has raised doubts over the ability of those countries to make expected purchases of raw cotton. Meanwhile, the British Cotton Control is estimated to have purchased 140,000 bales of American cotton this season and are now inviting offers of California irrigated for February-March shipment, cost and freight Liverpool terms. Shippers were asked "without subsidy, but with the understanding that any subsidy in force at the time of shipment will be for buyers' account."

The market is still in the trading range for the time being and is likely to remain a quiet affair until after the holidays, but shows good recuperative power and least margin of risk still on the long side.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 17.

January	35.69—19
March	35.94—17
March Highest	36.21+10
March Lowest	35.91—20
May	35.60—15
July	34.42—15
October	31.43—25
December	30.77—18
March	30.50—16
May	30.17—21
Middling Spot	36.76—17

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Dec. 17.

March	35.94—19
May	35.59—13
July	34.40—14
October	31.41—21
December	30.74—18
Middling Spot	35.66—29

BURLAP PRICE JUMP IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Dec. 17 (UPA). Quota developments and changes are believed to be responsible by traders for yesterday's large price jump in the burlap market today. It was rumoured that the quota system for the first six months of 1948 was due to undergo a change with regard to the distribution of the quota on the principle of a change with regard to the distribution of the quota on the principal of first come first served. However, the report is not yet confirmed. This practice, if adopted, will meet with opposition in the local market as traders predict it will give certain traders opportunity to corner the market and force prices up.

LONDON SILVER PRICE UNCHANGED

LONDON, Dec. 17 (UPA). On the London market today, the price of silver remained unchanged at the previous day's levels. The rates quoted were 45 pence per ounce for spot and 44-3/4 pence per ounce for forward.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Dec. 17 (UPA). Pepper prices adjusted themselves somewhat today but the business was negligible. Black pepper was quoted at 1/10 and white at 2/9-3/4.

NEW YORK EXCHANGES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.

T. T. New York on :—
London 4.02-3/4 to 4.03-1/4.
London free 4.03-1/8 to 4.03-1/4.
London 3 months 3.99-7/8 to 4.00-1/8
Paris 0.83-15/16.
Paris free 0.84 to 0.84-1/8.
Bombay 30.22
Bombay free 30.25 offered.
Switzerland free 24.65 to 24.70.
Switzerland com. 23.40.
Shanghai open market 72.000 to 74,000.
Shanghai official 12,000
Argentine official 29.77.
Argentine free 24.97 to 25.02.
Sterling pound note selling 2.45 to 2.50.

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF ANTIMONY METAL.

LONDON, Dec. 17, (U. P. A.): The bi-weekly Metal Bulletin today published a letter from the Star Metal Refinery in Bombay claiming to be sole manufacturers of antimony metal in India and that they hope next year to be able to meet the entire Indian and Pakistan demands for antimony.

The letter said that hitherto antimony ore supplies obtained from Chitral and "temporarily ceased" because Chitral acceded to Pakistan. However, the letter said: "Anticipating this, we have for the past year imported ore from abroad and are taking steps to step up production more than double. We hope to produce about 600 to 700 tons of antimony during 1948 with which we feel we will be able to meet the entire demands from India and Pakistan."

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17, (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained a nominal affair today with new business down to the minimum. Futures closed unchanged to 200 higher with no sales reported. Lampong spot black pepper was offered at 40 cents with no takes in evidence. White muntok held itself unchanged at 43 cents nominal.

Closing prices included: December 42 nom.; January 39 bid; March 35 bid; May 34 bid; July 33 bid; September and October 33 nom.

MODERATE ACTIVITY ON N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Dec 17, (U. P. A.): The Stock Exchange today saw moderate activity as stocks rallied briskly near the close under the leadership of railroad issues. The stabilization of the foreign situation was coupled wnth the cessation of "tax selling" to absorb the year end losses attributed to the current bull movement.

Opposition in Washington to the Administration's anti-inflation proposals also bolstered the trading sentiment.

Closing prices included:

Allied Chemical	186
American Smelting	57 1/4
American Telephone & Telegraphs	150 3/8
Anaconda Copper	34 3/4
Bankers Trust	37 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	100 5/8
Boeing Aircraft	22 5/8
Canadian Pacific	11 5/8
Chase National Bank	32 3/4
General Electric	34 3/4
General Motors	57 3/8
Gillette	32 1/8
Goodyear Tire	45
International Nickel	27
Lockheed	13 7/8
Nash Kelvinator	17 1/2
National City Bank	37 7/0
New York Central	14 3/4
Pennsylvania Railway	18
Shell Oil	32 1/4
Southern Pacific	47 1/2
Standard Oil	57
Studebaker	20 1/8
Swift & Co.	34 5/8
Technicolour	12 1/2
Twentieth Century Fox	22 3/4
U. S. Steel	77 3/8
Warner Brothers	13 1/8
Westinghouse	29 3/4

Stock sales totalled 1,230,000 shares on the Exchange. Curb sales totalled 290,000 shares.

Dow Jones average closings included: Industrials, 179.81; Rails, 50.50; Utilities, 33.04 and Bonds 97.92.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 12th December :—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL :—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,22,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	284,41,80,000
Sundries	1,84,46,000
Total Rs.	298,11,26,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS :—	
Government Securities	161,33,74,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,47,33,000
ADVANCES :—	
Loans	21,65,41,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	44,69,10,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,49,11,000
Dead Stock	1,53,70,000
Sundries	1,86,91,000
CASH :—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	54,23,33,000
Balances with other banks	1,82,63,000
Total Rs.	298,11,26,000

India Lamp

The Lamp that never Fails in Rains or in Gale

BRASS PLATED CONES AND REFLECTERS.

THOUSANDS IN USE throughout INDIA & BURMA.

Manufactured by

INDIA CYCLE MFG. CO. LTD

4, CLIVE GHAT STREET, CALCUTTA

Distributors: NIGAM BROS. P-14, Bentinck St., Calcutta

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

REFER ALL YOUR BANKING PROBLEMS TO THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED.

Chairman: G. D. BIRLA • General Manager: B. T. THAKUP

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

AGENCIES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Bombay Offices:

PETIT BLDG., HORNBY ROAD, FORT
Near COTTON EXCHANGE, KALBADEVI
SONAWALA BLDG. ZAVERI BAZAR

Regional Manager: O. H. GHEEWALA.

Fort Office Telephone Nos: 24842 & 27774.

U. 30

ULCERS POISONED SORES AND WOUNDS

Marvellous Zam-Buk Healing

IT is too risky to waste time experimenting. For quick, safe healing, use Zam-Buk—the famous antiseptic ointment which has proved effective for all skin troubles for over fifty years.

Smear it thickly on the diseased or injured part and cover with a clean bandage. The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk quickly soothe soreness and pain, stop the discharge and cleanse the wound of all poison and corruption. Finally, Zam-Buk helps Nature to create cell by cell, new healthy tissue, until the once diseased parts are permanently healed and made sound and wholesome again.

Zam-Buk is excellent for treatment of all skin injuries and diseases, from pimples, rashes and insect bites to serious cases of flesh-eating ulcers, psoriasis, eczema, bad legs and foot sores—keep a box always handy!

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fat.

Use Zam-Buk

WORLD - FAMOUS HERBAL OINTMENT

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd. P.O. Box 937, Bombay.

MUTT AND JEFF—It'll Work Even If You're Reading A Book — By BUD FISHER

SOMETHING'S WRONG WITH MY FOOT! WHEN I SIT STILL AND THEN GET UP MY LEG CAVES IN UNDER ME!
WHAT IS IT?
I DUNNO! BUT IT FEELS LIKE ALL PINS AND NEEDLES IN MY FOOT!
OH, THAT'S NOTHIN'! YOUR FOOT FALLS ASLEEP!
ASLEEP? ? ?
DING-G-G LING-G-G LING-G DING-
?

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted match of good status for post graduate daughter of Sikh Officer. No restriction of caste or province. Address G. H. Kunte, 781, Aditwar, Nasik. 7716

PERSONAL ADLETS

"What is the Unique Thing to give this Season?" If that's your problem, why not give the "PEOPLE SET" Radio? In a beautiful X'mas packing at Rs. 95|-, it will make an ideal X'mas gift. Available at 20 Authorised Dealers throughout Bombay or at Fazalbhoy's, Opera House. 6482

SITUATIONS VACANT

Secretary, Central Commercial Service Board, Shillong, invites applications, on prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for the following posts: (a) Regional Superintendents 22, (b) Sub-Regional Inspectors 73, (c) Circle Supervisors 203, Qualifications required for (a) Preferably a Commerce Graduate; for (b) I.A. or its equivalent; for (c) at least a Matriculate. Age not more than 32 years (35 years in case of Scheduled Caste candidates) on March 1, 1948. Improved Scale of pay for (a) Rs. 200-10-250-E.B.-15-475; for (b) Rs. 120-8-200-E.B.-10-300; for (c) Rs. 50-2-60-E.B.-3-80. Preference will be given to the natives of or domiciled in the Provinces of Bombay and Hyderabad and States therein. (6571)

Wanted Matriculates to fill 203 posts of Circle Supervisors. For further particulars see above. Apply for the prescribed application form to Secretary, Central Commercial Service Board, Shillong. (6571A)

Wanted:—Manager for import and export firm. Cash security essential apply stating qualifications and minimum pay acceptable to Box No. 7720, "Bombay Chronicle"

Vispee Company (House Agents) invites customers to collect refunds of deposits already due, from our office, daily from 3 to 5 except Racedays and Bank Holidays. Balaram House, Charni Road Junction. (7725)

Wanted Experienced Accountant Salesman, Storekeeper, Warehousekeeper and Godownkeeper for a big Textile Mill in West Punjab (Pakistan): Good salary, free furnished quarters with electricity and water: Apply giving qualifications and experience to Box No. 6429 "Bombay Chronicle"

Applications are invited from solvent and influential persons only for distributorship of the well-known baby food Vita-Milk, Vita-Biscuits, Sana-Vita and other products of the Company For particulars please apply stating references to National Nutriments, Ltd., 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. 6282

SITUATION WANTED

Well qualified and experienced Glass Technologist capable of holding all sorts of production, holding responsible post, desires to have a change. Concerns desiring should contact to Box No. 7655, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Building Site in Suburb available on lease. See Harkison, 486, D'Monte Street, Bandra. 7707

MEDICAL ADLET

"Amrita Malam". A Wonderful Medicine for Gangrene and Leprosy, Rs. 12|8 per phial. V.P. charges extra. Menaka Debi 19 S.N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462D)

BUSINESS OFFER

Coal: Ready to supply large quantity of Soft Coke and Steam Coke in any important place of Indian Dominion. Arrangements are made for wagons and permits. Liberal terms for Agents. Napur Colliery Ltd., 58, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta. 6479

INVESTMENT.

Various kinds of 6 to 7 1/2 per cent. Tax Free Pref Shares of Tea and others are available for sale. Enquire Sterling Investment Co. 1 British Indian Street, Calcutta. 5581

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted Partner (Limited Company Office Manager). Should advance Rs. 10,000 (Refundable). Starting pay Rs. 250|- Apply stating qualifications to Box No. 7726, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR LORRIES FOR SALE

For Sale--Latest Model Super-de-Luxe V-8 Station Wagon, Canadian built body, done 3000 Miles, Insured, 21 m.p.G. As good as new. Rs. 16,500/- or near offer. Metropolitan Sales Corporation, L. Block, Side of Odeon Cinema, New Delhi. 6543

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Thomas & Bros., White-Wash, Distemper & Oil Paint Worker, St. Andrew Rd., Palli Hills, Bandra, Bombay-20. (7723)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Good Hindi picture with powerful story and brilliant cast. For provincial rights. Apply Box No. 7727, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

REVALIDATION OF CAPITAL GOODS LICENCES.

IT IS HEREBY INFORMED that the announcement contained in this office Public Notice of 25th November 1947 does not apply to import licences marked 'C.G.', 'C.G.P.W.' or 'H.E.P.' The position regarding revalidation of such licences is governed by the Commerce Ministry Press Note of July 25, 1947 which is re-produced below:—

Automatic revalidation of import licences marked C.G. (Capital Goods), C. G. P. W. (Capital Goods Post War) and H.E.P. (Heavy Electrical Plant) is no longer in force. Holders of such licences which have expired, whether originally granted up to or valid until June 30, 1947, should therefore apply for revalidation, if shipment of goods has still to be effected.

Where, however, these licences have been granted with periods of validity beyond June 1947, they are valid for the periods specifically mentioned and no present action towards revalidation is necessary.

All applications for revalidation should be made to the authorities by whom licences were issued and should be accompanied by satisfactory evidence to the effect that firm orders have been placed abroad and that suppliers have asked for an extension of time.

It should be noted that announcements so far made about revalidation of licences for non-capital goods do not apply to the above-mentioned three categories of imports.

G. R. KAMAT,
Chief Controller of Imports.
Dated the 18th Dec. '47.
6575

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites Tenders for the supply of sheets Aluminium Half Hard. Tender Form obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2 per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date TUESDAY, the 13th January, 1948 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 6519

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT, Tuberculosis to take charge of all Tuberculosis activities including hospitals and clinics on Rs. 700-50-1,000 (subject to revision to Rs. 800-50-1,100)+ Rs. 160/- Conveyance Allowance + free quarters or Rs. 100 per month House rent + usual Dearness Allowance.

Applicant must be a native of the Bombay Province or be domiciled either in the province or in an Indian State within the geographical limits of the province, and a registered medical practitioner with a certificate of special studies in tuberculosis, Hospital experience of over a year in a T.B. Hospital will be an additional qualification. No private practice will be allowed.

Applications should be addressed to the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, on form to be obtained from him on payment of Re. 0-8-0 and should reach him not later than 10th January 1948.

Municipal servants can also apply. Non-municipal candidates must be below 40 years of age.

Canvassing, direct or indirect will disqualify the applicant.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 11-12-47.
6490

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 2 and 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 22nd December, 1947, at their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 6551

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Give a "PEOPLE'S SET" Radio as your X'mas Bonus to your staff this year. Available in a beautiful X'mas packing, it makes an ideal gift. Price Rs. 95|- Available at 20 Authorised Dealers throughout Bombay or at Fazalbhoy's Opera House. (6481)

PROPERTY EXCHANGE

Beautiful Landed Properties including a Cinema House near Boulton Market, Bunder Road, Offices, Godowns, Bungalows, Magnificent Salt Works with an annual production of over a million mounds and an income in lacs. Also agricultural lands over four thousand bighas under owner's own cultivation with four big residential Bungalows thereon, three Motor Lorries, two brand new Tractors, over a dozen oil Engines with Centifugal Pumps, Bathing Tanks all situated in Karachi proper, Capital of Pakistan, for exchange with suitable properties, gardens, farms, Industries, or Business in Indian Union, Bombay preferred. Contact Tele: 61026, or Box No. 7728, c|o "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTIFICATION.

Repayment of Rs. 10 lakhs of 5 p.c. Tansa W. W. Loan due on 1-1-1948.

DEBENTURE HOLDERS of the above loan are informed that the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, have been appointed Agents of the Municipal Corporation for the repayment of the principal due.

DEBENTURES WILL CEASE TO CARRY INTEREST from 1st January, 1948 and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay.

(Sd) B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay 22nd November, 1947.
6567

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT.
B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY.

QUOTATIONS returnable, by 11-0 hours on 27-12-47 are invited on Railway's form for the supply of (1) Pulses, (2) Edible Oils, (3) Spices and (4) Jaggary from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions please apply to the Asstt. Controller of Grainshops, Church Gate Bombay, at any time during working hours. 6565

RECRUITMENT OF ARTIFICER APPRENTICES.
for the
ROYAL INDIAN NAVY
1947.

A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION will be held on 22nd December, 1947 for the selection of ARTIFICER APPRENTICES for the Royal Indian Navy.

To be eligible to appear in the competitive examination, a candidate must have passed Matriculation or equivalent examination and must not have been born before 1st January 1931 or after 1st January, 1934.

He must also conform to the following minimum physical standards:—

Height 5 feet; Mean chest 29 inches; weight 94 lbs. and normal vision. Glasses may not be worn.

Stipend during Apprenticeship per mensem Rs. 27 1/2-5-42 1/2 with free rations, clothing and accommodation. Dearness and other allowances are admissible under the rules in force.

Period of Training 4 1/2 years.

On successful completion of Training, pay scale ranges between Rs. 95 to 250 per mensem depending upon length of service and passing of requisite tests and obtaining requisite certificates.

For further details apply to the nearest recruiting office.

The examination will be held simultaneously at Headquarters Recruiting Offices at 95, Bank Road, Ambala; Office Buildings, No. 58, Lucknow; 28, Theatre Road, Calcutta; 3 Climo Road, Poona; Cornwallis Barracks Road, Bangalore and Branch Recruiting Offices at Jullunder, Delhi, Agra, Ajmer, Bareilly, Shillong, Belgaum, Bombay, Nagpur, Madras, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly. Candidates will be chosen to fill vacancies for Engine Room Artificers, Electrical Artificers and Ordnance Artificers.

Successful candidates will receive their training in H.M.I.S. SHIVAJI, the Royal Indian Navy Mechanical Training Establishment at Lonavala, near Bombay, before being appointed to ships or shore establishments of the Royal Indian Navy. 6421

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. ZUBEE QURAESHI, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land, being Plot No. 23 Part, situate, lying and being at Bazargate Street in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing on actual admeasurement 353.62 square yards or thereabouts with the messuages tenements and building thereon and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9230, Cadastral Survey No. 1532 of Fort Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "A" Ward No. 1597(2) and Street Nos. 296, 296-A and 296-B and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Bazar Gate Street, on or towards the West by Plot No. 20 of the Hornby Road to Ballard Pier Scheme bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1854 of Fort Division, on or towards the North by Plot No. 23-A of the said Scheme bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1855 of Fort Division and on or towards the South by Plot No. 22 of the said Scheme bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1528.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1947.

BHAISHANKER, KANGA
and GIRDHARLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6576)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED for the Office of the Commandant, Home Guards, Greater Bombay, two temporary clerks on Rs. 50/- in the scale Rs 50-5/2-90 plus Interim Relief and D.A. permissible according to Government Orders. Applicants must have passed at least the Matriculation or any other equivalent examination, and should be natives of Bombay Province Applications written in the candidates' own hand-writing and accompanied by two certificates of good character from two respectable gentlemen should reach the undersigned not later than WEDNESDAY, 24th instant. Selected candidates will be called for interview later.

M. J. B. MANECKJI,
Capt.
Commandant
Home Guards Headquarters
Churchgate Reclamation, "E" Road,
Bombay, 17th December 1947.
6578

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000/-
Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 30th January, 1948, at 12 O'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/EB1/DG-209/47-48 for the supply of 19,300 Nos. Division Plate to Drawing No. DG 209.

Tender form and drawing can be obtained from the undernoted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, E. I. Rly, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender form at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Drawing No. DG-209 from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, E. I. Railway, Lillooah at -/8/- per copy.

Firm outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the Tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawing to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer E.I. Railway, Lillooah direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender box outside Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.
6564

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HANIF ABDUL RAHMAN has agreed to sell to our clients, his 45 BUFFALOES lying at Kiladar Stables, Gorbunder Road, Jogeshwari, Bombay free from all encumbrances. All persons having any claims against the said property are hereby required to communicate the same to the undersigned at 485, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2, within 4 days from the date hereof.

RAJPAL & RAJPAL,
Advocates for the purchasers.
19th December 1947.
(7729)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, invites tenders for the purchase of second-hand, black and bright sheets damaged and unserviceable empty Kerosene Oil Tins Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Re. 1/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or Cash only. Closing date 14-1-1948. (6566)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the OFFICIAL TRUSTEE of Bombay has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, residence, use, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Hill Road, Bandra, within eight days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house or bungalow and outhouses standing thereon, situated at Bazar Road, Bandra, South Salsette Taluka, Bombay Suburban District, Registration Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring 2075 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Bandra Municipal No. 412, City Survey No. 97 and bounded as follows: on the North by a gully and beyond by the property of Inas Manuel D'Monte, on the East by the Bazar Road, and on the South by a gully and beyond by the property of Hormusji Merwanji Hirana and on the West by Gavthan land.

Bandra dated this 19th day of December, 1947.

CHARLES PEREIRA,
Purchaser's Advocate.
(6572)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KAIKHUSHRU JAMSHEDJI DUBASH, BAPUJI JAMSHEDJI DUBASH, SHAVAKSHAW JAMSHEDJI DUBASH AND PESTONJI JAMSHEDJI DUBASH parties to Bombay High Court Suit No. 1002 of 1942 put up for auction sale through M|s. Bennett & Co., the undermentioned property known as Dubash Theatre and Dubash Terrace (also known as Krishna Cinema Theatre) on the 15th day of December, 1947, and our clients were declared the highest bidders and purchasers of the said property at the said auction. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 19, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with messuages tenements or dwelling houses and theatre known as Dubash Terrace and Dubash Theatre, standing thereon situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay at Tribhowan Road and Padmsey Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1708 25|54 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2630, New No. 9643, Old Survey No. 843, New Survey No. 7393 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward No. 1852 (1) and (2) and Street Nos. 3 and 5 to 7 Tribhowan Road and Padmsey Road and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1286 of Girgaum Division and bounded as follows:- that is to say, on or towards the East formerly by the property of Nusserwanji Parekh and now of Bai Dinbai, wife of Jehangir Hormusji Modi, on or towards the West and North by the Tribhowan Road and Padmsey Road and on or towards the South formerly by the ground of Nusserwanji Parekh and now partly by Bombay City Improvement Trust Plot No. 31 partly by Bombay City Improvement Trust Plot No. 32 and partly by the Improvement Trust public road.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1947.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(6579)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMED TAHER HAJI MAHOMED MADNI, ABOOBAKAR HAJI MAHOMED MADNI, AZIZ HAJI MAHOMED MADNI, MAHOMED JAMIL HAJI MAHOMED MADNI and AHMED KAMIL HAJI MAHOMED MADNI, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 19, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement (1710.62) one thousand seven hundred and ten decimal point sixty-two square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 7 forming a part of Dadyseth Charity Trust Estate, together with the two messuages buildings tenements or dwelling houses or other outhouses and garages since erected or standing thereon known as "Taher Mansion" and "Abubakar Manzil", situate at Chowpatti, on the North side of Walkeshwar Road in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay in the Town and Island of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue as forming part of the Collector's Old Nos. 321 and others New Nos. 2121 and others, Old Survey No. 12 and New Survey No. 7297 and Cadastral Survey No. 299 of Malabar and Cumbala Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 2477(3) and 2477(3A) and Old Street Nos. 393 and 393A and New Street Nos. 20 and 20A and bounded as follows:— On or towards North by the property of Dadyseth Charity, on or towards the East by Plot No. 8 and 9 formerly belonging to Manchershaw Framji Khan and now belonging to Bai Jamnabai widow of Manji Keshavji, on or towards the South by the Walkeshwar Road formerly known as Malabar Hill Road, and on or towards the West by plot No. 6 formerly belonging to Dhanjibhoy Cawasji Tarachand and now belonging to The Allahabad Bank Ltd.

Dated this 17th day of Dec. 1947.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6574

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PARVATIBAI, widow of Dr. Anandrao Luxman Nair, SADASHIV PARSHRAM NAIR alias BALA SAHEB and Dr. M. VENKATRAO, the Surviving Trustee of the Indenture of Settlement, dated 9th day of August, 1929, made by Dr. A. L. Nair of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our client:—

All persons having any claim against or to the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 107 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE:

FIRSTLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure (the cess whereof is redeemed) with the bungalow hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Pedder Road, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1319 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Bombay along with other premises under Collector's New Nos. 3158-86-247-930-2426-1652-1653-2967-1864-2115-2157 and 2273 (part) Laughton's New Survey No. 7096 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 4D/738 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under D Ward No. 3538(8), Street No. 3C Pedder Road.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension & Tax Tenure (the cess whereof is redeemed) with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Pedder Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1296 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Bombay along with other premises under Collector's New Nos. 3158-86-247- 930-2426-1652-1653-2967-1864-2115-2157 and 2273 (part) Laughton's New Survey No. 7096 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 4DA/738 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes and D Ward No. 3538 (8A) Street Nos. 3B Pedder Road.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1947.

RUSTOMJI & GINWALLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6577

DEAFNESS

Partial or total — complicated with head noises and other troubles—how long and what causes—cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment. Particulars on request.

KAMALA WORKS (B. C.)
Panchpota BENGAL.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
IN INSOLVENCY
No. 173 of 1947.

Re: J. G. ARKLIE, of Bombay European Inhabitant, employed at Embarkation Head Quarters, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.. A Debtor.
Ex parte: Messrs. POKHRAJ HIMATLAL & CO., .. Petitioning Creditors.

On the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditors presented on 15th day of December, 1947, an order was made on the 16th day of December, 1947, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1947.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar.
(6573)

AUCTION SALES

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS BANU MANSION AT DADAR MAIN ROAD OPP. MUNICIPAL STABLE

Under instructions from M/s. Khunderao Laud & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Mrs. Gulbanubai Moosabhai Dhanji and Mr. Moosabhai Dhunji and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Mortgagor and pursuant to an Indenture of Mortgage, dated 19th March, 1947 M/s. BENNETT & CO. will TODAY Friday, 19th December, 1947, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at our rooms.

Foras freehold land with dwelling house situate on the East side of Dadar Main Road known as Banu Mansion, admeasuring about 281 sq. yards, bearing street No. 131-131A, 133-A to C and bounded on the East by the property of Ahmed H. Noormahomed, on the West by Dadar Main Road, on the North by the property of Ahmed H. Noormahomed and on the South by the property of Ramchandra R. Yevlekar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 263 BEADS OF PEARLS.

Under instructions from M/s. Ambubhai & Diwanji, Attorneys for Seth Dayabhai Chhaganlal and on account and at the risk of the pledgor Arab Khalifa Bin Khamisa (deceased) M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, 24th December, 1947 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms: 263 Beads of Pearls. On view on Sales day. Terms: 25 per cent Cash Deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M. ON THE SITE OF THE PROPERTY.

As previously advertised, the sale of the property at Erskine Road (Near Nalbazar and Khoja Street Cross Lane) of the Estate of the late Mr. Rustamjee Nowrojee Motabhoy deceased will take place as stated above.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

Here it is Beauty
For you ... immaculate make-up and a smooth flawless skin—Lipsticks—from delicate pinks to deep reds, powder blended in the newest shades. Pomeroy Creams and Skin Foods are as they've always been — soothing, nourishing and rich in the precious oils that give lasting skin beauty.
Pomeroy
Beauty Preparations
London Salon
17a, NEW BOND STREET, W. 1.
Trade enquiries:
Cama Norton & Co. 23, Medows St., Bombay
Nusserwanjee & Co. Mochi Mitai Rd., Karachi
Shimwell & Bro (Cal.) Ltd. 1, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.